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JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1908.

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JUD. C. BRUSIE DIES

Arrested in Los Angeles for Embezzlement. He Succumbs to Nervous Collapse.

The report in the city papers on Monday that Judson C. Brusie had been arrested in Los Angeles for felony embezzlement, came as a great shock to his many friends and acquaintances in this county, which was the home of his boyhood, and where he made his debut as a lawyer and politician.

Some two years ago Brusie was appointed agent in San Francisco of the Metropolitan Surety Company, an organization for the furnishing of indemnifying bonds. He was also secretary of the state railroad commission, which position carried a salary of \$2400 per year. He was also a playwright of some note, his production being very favorably received, and his royalties from this source netted him a considerable sum. To one of simple habits, his income, amounting possibly to from \$6000 to \$7000 per year, would be amply sufficient to support himself and wife in comfort.

Brusie, in taking hold of the Surety Company's affairs, built up a large business. He had a wide acquaintance, and a genial personality, he commanded much influence in securing customers. He was a much better business getter, than financial manager. His methods were not as strict as they should be, owing more to carelessness than any criminal intent. For some time differences had arisen between the head office in New York and Brusie, and a lawyer, D. A. Macbeth, was sent out from New York to investigate the affairs of Brusie's office. The outcome of the investigation was a warrant of arrest, on a charge of embezzling \$500. Brusie in the meantime had left the city. He went first to Gilroy, and thence to Los Angeles, his wife departing for the last named place a few days before his arrest.

He denied that in going to Los Angeles he had any idea of running away from the law officers, contending that he and wife were simply on a pleasure trip. He was arrested in the southern city and lodged in jail there Sunday night. He denied that he was short in his accounts, but claimed that the company was owing him more than the discrepancies in his accounts would foot up. The disgrace attaching to his arrest was a crushing blow. Monday night he was in a state of nervous collapse, and fears were then entertained that he would not recover. Powerful stimulants had to be administered, and for hours he was dropped to his bed to prevent him doing himself bodily harm. Although his friends in San Francisco furnished the required amount of bonds for his release, \$15,000, he was in no condition to be liberated. Wednesday morning, a telephone message was received here to the effect that he had died some time that morning.

Deceased has had a meteoric career. He was raised from infancy in the town of Ione; his parents being among the early settlers of that section. His father was the late Dr. Luther Brusie, who was a medical practitioner in the valley for many years. Judson took up the study of law, and after being admitted to practice, he, at the age of 21 or 22 years, made his initial bow in public life, running on the republican ticket in 1886 for assemblyman, and was elected over Whittle of Forest Home. After serving in the legislature of 1887, he decided to locate in Sacramento, believing that it offered a broader field for him than Amador county. He was a man of admitted ability, a fluent and able speaker, and a bright future for him was anticipated by his friends. However, he was erratic and wanting in application to business. He was elected twice to the assembly from Sacramento county, in 1890 and 1894. He afterwards left the capital city and went to San Francisco, where he has ever since resided. In every political campaign for the past twenty years, his voice has been heard in behalf of the republican ticket. He was regarded as one of the most effective political speakers in the party.

He was married to a Mrs. Mattie Adams, nee Hoyt, a Jackson young lady, at the outset of his professional career. His untimely and sad end will be deeply deplored by all who knew him.

The funeral will be in San Francisco. The remains are to be cremated.

SUTTER CREEK BANK TO BE WOUND UP

No Hope of Resumption of Business.

The affairs of the Sutter Creek Bank are to be wound up as quickly as possible. The bank, being resuscitated, and doing business, either under the old management, or by the depositors taking charge, and assuming the indebtedness. The depositors in fact thoroughly investigated the proposition to assume control, and decided that such a course was inadvisable, and concluded that the better course was to have a receiver appointed under the state commission to close up its affairs. It would seem that the latest move to get the institution out of the receiver's hands has also miscarried. A banker from San Francisco connected with the Canton bank there, came up last week, in company with the former president, Jackson Dennis, was up last week looking over the situation, presumably at the instance of the managers. The move, however, has resulted in nothing definite.

Fred Eadey, the receiver appointed by the court to wind up the business, is going ahead with his work. He will devote his energies toward getting all there is in it for the depositors, and in as short a time as possible consistent with efficiency.

There is a good deal of dissatisfaction among a few interested parties in our sister town at the turn things have taken. It is not on account of the receiver appointed, because the appointee was the choice of all parties. But the howl is made, because the attorney for the receiver was not the one the depositors' committee had slated for that position. We cannot believe that the bitterness shown is shared in by the majority of those interested, or that it reflects the feeling in Sutter Creek generally. We believe in supporting home industry and home talent in preference to going outside.

In behalf of all concerned the hands of the receiver should be upheld, and every assistance rendered him in straightening out the bank's affairs.

Later.

L. P. Allen who is said to represent the underwriters' association of San Francisco, as well as manager of the Chinese bank, is making a determined effort to oust the receiver. What forces are behind him in this effort is a matter of conjecture, and is viewed differently according to individual opinions and sympathies. By many it is viewed as a flank movement in the interest of the bank wreckers, and not of the depositors. It seems the committee of depositors secured 85 per cent of the claims to resurrect the bank and run it for the depositors. But the cash required to settle with the others, and to resume business was not obtainable, so that scheme fell through. The 85 per cent of claims have been assigned to Allen, and with this he made an application to the superior court last Saturday to have the receiver discharged. The court declined to act hastily, and will see that all the depositors are protected. Of course, if all parties in interest turn their claims over to Allen, there seems no other alternative than to dismiss all court proceedings. There is no one left to protect. The assignee of the claimants is the only one interested, and if he wants to take charge, that is his privilege. The matter will come up for hearing on the 18th of June. If the balance of the creditors are brought into the assignee's camp, the matter will probably be settled with out any receivership.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address, F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

MINING NOTES.

Defender District.—Messrs Hackberg and Westfall had a crushing of about fifteen tons of ore at the Marchand mill near West Point bridge recently. It was taken from a claim on the Mokelumne river, below the Defender mine. We understand the yield was very satisfactory, amounting to nearly \$100 per ton. The rich ore streak is small, as such high grade ore usually is. Its extraction involved several months labor, but even so, the proceeds netted handsomely for the time and labor expended.

Kennedy.—The tramway for the hauling of supplies from Martell station to the mine was put in operation last week, and works nicely. The motive power is mules to the summit of the grade from the station, thence by gravity to the mine. An engine at the top of the hill pulls the empty trucks up.

Obituary.

Mrs Holman, who has been an inmate of the county hospital since December last, died in that institution on Thursday of last week, and was buried in Plymouth on Saturday. Her husband, J. H. Holman, formerly constable of Plymouth for a number of years, has been an inmate of the hospital for the past eighteen months, and his wife, on account of the infirmities of old age, was also compelled to find a home at the hospital over five months ago.

Lucinda Jane Easton, widow of the late T. W. Easton, after an illness extending over six or seven years, died at the home of her son, Geo. W. Easton, of the Forest House, Plymouth on Monday last. Her husband preceded her to the grave about 25 years ago. Deceased leaves one son, G. W. Easton, and three daughters, Mrs. Dr. Tiffany, Mrs. L. J. Norris and Mrs. John Gordon, all residents of Oakland.

The remains were buried in the Plymouth cemetery, under the direction of the Eastern Star of which order the deceased had been a member.

Rattlesnakes Abundant.

Already this season Will Hipkins, who has charge of the Standard Electric reservoirs at Tabebu, has hauled two young rattlesnakes out of the ditch. Every summer a number of these reptiles fall into the ditch in the long stretch from the head to the reservoir. They cannot get out and float with the current, until they are lodged against the screen at the entrance to the reservoir, which is intended to catch all debris. From thence they are captured by the ditcheater and killed. Last year among a number that were corralled in this way, was an old fellow with twelve rattles. Owing to the dry winter the crop of these varmints promises to be usually heavy. At any rate the market has opened lively, considering the earliness of the season.

Plymouth Parlor Elects Officers.

On Saturday June 6, Plymouth Parlor N. S. G. W., elected officers for the ensuing term as follows: Past president, W. Stocks; president, M. F. Harrell; first vice president, Robert P. White; second vice, H. E. Potter; third vice, Earl Wilds; marshal, Geo. L. Clark; secretary, Trevor Weston; treasurer, L. Burke; trustee, Geo. Felker; inside sentinel, Thos Davis; outside sentinel; Will Ninnis.

Ladies' Aid Bazaar.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church will have their annual bazaar at the Old Fellows' hall on Thursday June 18. They will have on sale many useful and fancy articles. There will also be a supper in connection with the bazaar, which will be served at any time after 5 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted.—Would like to hear at once from owner having good medium size farm or small business for sale in any good prosperous locality. Please give price and description and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. No agents need reply. Address Lock Drawer 984, Rochester, N. Y.

Unclaimed Letters.

Ben Cook p. c., Cviato Cupich, Pet Deranja, James Egan, Ed. Henderson, Geo. Klamann, Anton Knezevich, Bob Miller, L. Pamplani, Alfred Teaubert, Charley Smith, Sec'y Chamber of Commerce.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each.

ANNUAL ITALIAN PICNIC.

Twenty-Seventh Celebration by The Italian Benevolent Society. A Large Crowd, Decreased Business.

The twenty-seventh celebration of the constitutional independence of Italy was held last Sunday by the Italian Benevolent Society of Amador county at Pullen's grove, just beyond Martell station. The day was an ideal one for outdoor pleasures, and no effort had been spared by the management to make the affair outdo any previous year. Owing mainly to the favorable weather an unusually large gathering was attracted to the scene of festivities.

The procession, as for several years, formed in Sutter Creek, composed of citizens of Italian nativity or ancestry, and headed by the Jackson band marched to the picnic grounds, under the marshaling of S. Barbagelata assisted by A. Ambrogio.

The county seat and tributary country contribute as usual the heaviest share of patrons. At the literary exercises A. Gnocchio acted as presiding officer, with C. Soracco of Sutter Creek as vice president. The oration in Italian was delivered by P. N. Belgrano of San Francisco, and in English by U. S. Gregory of Jackson. The Italian consul of San Francisco, C. Rocca, was present and added to the interest of the occasion. The literary program took up considerable time, and crowded the afternoon exercises. The dinner was under the management of Mrs. N. Bona, the proceeds, with all the other sources of revenue, going for the benefit of the society.

The amusement program in the afternoon consisted of a baseball game between a team from Volcano and a nine from Sutter Creek. The big stake offered—\$75—was sufficient to create keen rivalry. The game was late in getting started, owing to wordy preliminaries. It was a one-sided game, the Volcanos having it pretty much all their own way, and winning by a score of 14 to 4.

The dancing platform was the main source of pleasure to the young men and women, and was patronized to the utmost the whole afternoon and far into the night, with D. Berta as floor director, and L. Poggi, Joe Cassagrande, S. Barbagelata and Joe Giannini as floor managers. The merry-go-round of E. V. Zumbiel furnished enjoyment for the children, and did an unusually satisfactory business. Indeed, it was conceded to be the best patronized of anything on the grounds.

The bar, ice cream stand, and soda water both were fairly patronized, but not up to the average of former years. Everything passed off peacefully. There was no disturbance worth speaking of. The order maintained was the subject of comment by the distinguished visitors from San Francisco, as picnics around the bay are shunned by many on account of the rowdy, disorderly element that is attracted thereto.

From a outing standpoint the affair passed off agreeably. The financial side is reported to be rather unfavorable. Rumor has it that the balance will be on the wrong side, and that the society will have to make up the deficiency. On the other hand, some are inclined to believe that when the returns are complete, the receipts will about offset the expenses. The truth is the people either have not the money to spend as formerly, or they are pulling the strings tighter around their purses than they were accustomed to do in years gone by.

Church Notes.

On Sunday June 14 services will be held at the Methodist church as follows: The pastor will preach in the morning on "Abstaining from the appearance of evil," and in the evening on "An important question." All are cordially invited.

Sunday school at 2 o'clock. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

EPISCOPAL.

Regular services will be held in St. Augustine's Episcopal church as follows:
11 a. m.—First and third Sunday in each month.
7:30 p. m.—Second and fourth Sunday in each month.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Hotel Arrivals

Globe—Thursday: W B Pember-ton, Placerville; A Petri, San Francisco.

Friday—Mrs A F Leon, Mrs R T Honeychurch, Amador; Thos D Davis, Plymouth; G S Abart, Placerville.

Saturday—Geo F Mack, Ione; M Gallagher, F A Hensley, Electra; G F Denison, Plymouth; B H Purvis, Mrs F T Moore, F Voltalim, Stockton; A Laiolo, G Perkins, San Francisco.

Sunday—Morris Adams, West Point; C Bradshaw, Esantiro, James Grillo, Sadie Gillick, Volcano; Ben H Smith and wife, Defender; E E Huey, Miss Levaggi, Plymouth; J W Haller and wife, Miss Ilean Boone, Ione; J W Atkins, Berkeley; E M Higginbotham, San Andreas; Geo D Stewart, Sacramento; Terry Connors, Tulby Thomas, city; P H Benson, C P Snow, Sonora.

Monday—Geo Thompson, Sacramento; H L Simmons, Herbert A Solomon, T E Clark, San Francisco.

Tuesday—James Raggi, San Francisco; Dr J D Fogarty, Mokelumne Hill; I F Johnston, Plymouth; John Libby, Sacramento.

Wednesday—A Newman, Pine Grove; Fred Ludekiss, Sacramento; F J Schoeneman, San Francisco; Frank Johnston, Sutter Creek.

National—Thursday: A B Gyle, Charles Hughes, P T Hampton, San Francisco; Geo A Gray, Stockton; E W Saunders, Seattle; A F Tynan and wife Salinas.

Friday—D Walker, Milwaukee; Mrs M E Skelly, Miss Helen Skelly, Miss Marguerite Skelly, Butte; Mrs C Ritter, Ionopah.

Saturday—J W Atkins, Berkeley; S McMullen, N J Lohm, Theo P Mans, Theo Brawley, James Roggi, San Francisco; E A Payson, C Anderson and wife, New York; E J North, A L Winter, Ione; G S Abart, Placerville.

Sunday—A A Woolfork, Electra; D M Baker, Stockton; D W Riggs, W N Williams, New York; A Sheehan, Marysville; F Stege, Sacramento.

Monday—B E Blow, C E Campbell, E N Pearson, I L Fletcher, E Anderson San Francisco; H F Smith Sacramento.

Tuesday—W H Sheets, W W Curtis, Stockton; B B Hanson, Sacramento; F J Schoeman, San Francisco; Ezra Taylor, Plymouth.

Wednesday—E Mogolinsky, D M Baker, A P Simpson, Stockton; Geo W Bennetts, H Dibben, E Gorman, J Bering, S Miles, Decoto; H Malde, Jerome White, W E Rutherford, J Goerke, San Francisco; L S Amildy, Marysville; A T Fuller, Shingee Springs; D Korn, Sacramento; Frank Solinsky, Berkeley; Charles Erickson, Portland.

Never can tell when you'll mash a finger or suffer a cut, bruise, burn or cold. Be prepared. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil instantly relieves the pain—quickly cures the wound.

Withdraws Plea of Guilty.

Charles Lindsay, the colored man, who was charged with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill upon another darkey named Williams, on the old Clark ranch, one mile south of this city, was brought before the superior court last Monday to receive his sentence. Up to this time he had been unrepresented by counsel. But on Monday W. G. Snyder appeared as his attorney, and asked permission to withdraw the plea of guilty. This was granted. He thereupon stated that the defendant was willing to plead guilty to the lesser offense of assault with a deadly weapon. This was accepted by the district attorney. On Tuesday the defendant appeared for sentence, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$500 or in default to be imprisoned in the county jail for 250 days, or at the rate of \$2 per day. The higher charge would have involved a term in the penitentiary. The impression has got abroad that the assault was made in protection of the defendant's home and family, to drive off an unwelcome intruder. Hence a good deal of sympathy was elicited in his behalf. This view made his conduct justifiable, as an act of self-defense. It should be the law that no man should be allowed to plead guilty to a state prison offense except in the presence of an attorney of his own selection or one appointed by the court to defend him.

The Big Head

is of two kinds—conceit and the big head that comes from a sick, headache. Does your head ever feel like a gourd and your brain feel loose and sore? You can cure it in no time by acting on your liver with Ballard's Herbine. Isn't it worth trying for the absolute and certain relief you'll get? Sold by Ruber's City Pharmacy.

Amador County Descriptive Article

Amador county comprises an area of 548 square miles. It lies on the western slope of Sierra Nevada mountains, and embraces within its territory all the diversity of valley, foothill, and high mountainous lands.

Climate.—The climate of the populous portions of the county is as genial and healthful as can be found anywhere in California. As climate is one of the most valuable assets of this favored state in attracting population, Amador stands second to no county in this regard. It should, and no doubt will in time, when its climatic advantages are more thoroughly understood and appreciated, become a health resort not only for those in less favored states, but for the residents of other parts of California. The temperature alone the central portion rarely falls below 30 degrees above zero in winter, and as rarely rises to 100 degrees in the summer. Snow seldom falls in the settled districts, and never remains on the ground for more than a few hours. Of course, in the high mountain regions of eastern Amador the snowfall is very heavy—which is characteristic of the entire Sierra Nevada range. The summer season is always accompanied with cool nights; permitting of sound, refreshing slumber. Fogs are rare, cyclones are unknown, thunderstorms are infrequent.

Gold Mining.—The county, although rich in other sources of wealth, comparatively untouched, is noted principally for her quartz mines. The deepest gold mines in America are located here. The Kennedy mine is now making gold in liberal quantities from quartz extracted from a depth of over 3000 feet below the surface, with every indication that the pay-ore extends to a much greater depth. Since the discovery of gold, the county has contributed fully \$100,000,000 to the world's supply of the precious metal. The mines are still yielding at the rate of about two million dollars annually. Nearly all of this wealth is produced by eight or ten mines operating on what is called the "mother lode," stretching clear across the county in a north-easterly direction a distance of twenty miles. The mines aggregate between 400 and 500 stamps, and furnish employment for over 1000 miners. This industry is still in its infancy. The unexplored territory, even along the main gold belt, is far in excess of the ground that has actually been worked or prospected. The county offers today one of the most inviting fields to be found anywhere in the world for the investment of capital in the fascinating business of gold mining, not alone along the mother lode, but also in the almost untouched mineralized country of the east belt, some ten or twelve miles from the main lode.

Besides gold, we have copper, deposits of pottery, coal, marble, slate, limestone, granite, and soapstone or alabaster—all undeveloped.

Agricultural Capabilities.—The agricultural possibilities equal, if not excel, the mineral riches. The valley lands will produce anything that can be grown in the most favored sections. In the foothill lands all kinds of deciduous fruits thrive; also all kinds of vegetable are raised where irrigation is practicable along the numerous water courses. Further up in the mountains, at an altitude of 2000 to 2500 feet, the soil is admirably adapted for apples and potatoes. A ready market for many times the quantity now raised of these commodities can be found in the various mining towns.

Grape culture and winemaking are becoming important industries, both the grapes and wine commanding a better price than the product of the lowland.

Land is cheap compared with other California lands. Improved farms may be secured for one-fourth the price current in some places. Unimproved lands can be had from \$5 to \$10 per acre. It does not require a fortune to buy a small ranch. There is room for a large addition to our agricultural population. Vast tracts now devoted to cattle ranges might be made the homes of hundreds of prosperous farmers.

Amador has a population of less than 2000. Three fourths of this is concentrated in a strip of three miles above and below the mineral belt.

Jackson, the county seat, has about 500 inhabitants, and is incorporated city of the sixth class. Other towns are Sutter Creek, Amador City, Dryden, Plymouth, Volcano, Pine Grove and Oleta. Ione City is the metropolis of the valley section, a thriving town of 1000 inhabitants.

The community is law-abiding. Educational facilities are excellent. A schoolhouse is within easy reach of nearly every family. There is one high school, located at Ione.

The assessment roll for 1907 is \$5,000,793, and the tax rate for both state and county purposes \$2 on the \$100.

The Southern Pacific has a branch railroad running to Ione. From this point the Ione and Eastern railroad extends 14 miles further to the mining section.

The various religious denominations and fraternal organizations are well represented.

The power plant of the Standard Electric Co.—one of the largest in the world—is located four miles from Jackson.

SKYSCRAPERS OF ROME.

Ancient Regulations Regarding the Height of Buildings.

"The skyscraper is no modern invention," says a St. Louis architect well read in the history of his profession. "In all the ancient cities where brick or stone was available high houses within the walls of the city were very numerous because of the lack of ground space for building."

"In the days of Augustus the tenement houses of Rome became so high as to be dangerous, and laws were passed condemning a number of tenement rows and ordering them to be taken down, while at the same time a law was enacted limiting the height of all future tenements to a hundred feet. For palaces and public buildings there was no limit."

"After the burning of the city in Nero's time the streets, which before were no wider than our alleys, were made broader. Some of them through the business part of the city were forty feet wide, and some of the great thoroughfares were sixty."

"The tenement height was lowered to eighty feet, and as a consequence the city spread far beyond its walls. The average height of a ceiling in a Roman tenement was a little over five feet. The windows were open holes in the wall, stopped in cold weather with board shutters. So the worst modern tenement is a palace compared with the skyscraper home of the poor when the empire was at its best."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE KOOKABURRA.

Australia's Laughing Bird and Its Startling Cry.

To the outside world the greatest ornithological oddity in Australia is the kookaburra. Though Australians take little notice of it except occasionally in a hostile way, its cachinnation appeals irresistibly to the newcomer. Like the shrieks and parrots, the curlew and the mopeke, it is a conspicuous figure in the scenery of a typical bush home and therefore too common to be worthy of notice. In earlier times it was known as the "settler's clock" from a belief that its joyful peacocks were vented regularly at morn, noon and dusk, being quiescent through the heat of the forenoon and the wane of the afternoon. That belief has long been shattered. The kookaburra laughs just when the fit takes it, particularly when excited, and it laughs as readily at the violent death of its mother-in-law as it does at the enraged settler when he falls off his haystack. A wounded bird makes a demoniacal row, which will bring all others within hearing into the neighboring trees, and these at once set up an echoing cackle that is repeated again and again.

The kookaburra is also known as the laughing gobbler and the laughing jackass.—Sydney (Australia) Times.

Why Negroes Like Watermelons.

The humorists always associate the African with the watermelon, assuming that the taste of the colored man for his favorite dainty arises from his life in the southern states, where the melon vine grows like a weed. As a fact, however, the African taste for the watermelon is hereditary. The vine is a native of Africa, where it is found wild in the great central plains of the continent, and has also been cultivated for many ages. In Egypt the melons grown along the Nile rival those of southeastern Missouri. The melons mentioned by the Israelites as being among the good things they had in Egypt were undoubtedly watermelons, for in the wall paintings about the time of the exodus the melon vine is represented, and in one case a long procession of slaves is depicted, each bearing on his shoulder a huge, dark green watermelon.—Washington Herald.

Pulling the Eagle's Tail.

I knew an Indian, Yellow Eagle, who in order to get his coup feather dug a hole in the ground on the open prairie far from camp or habitation. Over it he fixed a covering of brush, upon which was laid the carcass of a freshly slain antelope. In this trap he lay for three days awaiting the eagle's coming. When at last, lured by the bait, one did alight he seized it from below, and despite its flapping and clawing and pecking he plucked the precious feathers before freeing the astonished and terrified bird. I recall none but the American aboriginal who has been able successfully to pull the American eagle's tail.—Army and Navy Life.

Landseer and the Dog Tax.

On one of Landseer's early visits to Scotland the great painter stopped at a village and took a great deal of notice of the dogs, jotting down rapidly sketches of them on a piece of paper. Next day on resuming his journey he was horrified to find dogs suspended from trees in all directions or drowning in the rivers, with stones around their necks. He stopped a weeping urchin, who was hurrying off with a pet pup in his arms, and learned to his dismay that he was supposed to be an excise officer who was taking notes of all the dogs he saw in order to prosecute the owners for unpaid taxes.

His Inference.

Craggs—Did you tell Simpers you thought I was a man without any balance? Butts—Well, I naturally inferred that if you had a balance you would draw on it for the amount you owe me.—Philadelphia North American.

His Preference.

Nurse—Come indoors at once, Master Richard, and be a good boy. You won't go to heaven if you're so naughty. Master Richard—I don't want to go to heaven. I want to go with father!—London Sketch.

LET AMADOR COUNTY WAKE UP.

Sacramento, Cal., June 6, 1908.

Editor Ledger, Jackson, Cal.

Dear Sir:—I read in your issue of May 29th, under the heading "Foot-hills for Fruit," that Amador is bound sooner or later to get the benefit of this movement of population from the more densely settled portions of the state. Before making up their minds it would be well for these home-seekers to look over the bargain counter of Aging Business."

Now I want to say

all that you claim, Sutter Creek State is true, and while ground up as speed county no doubt, it does not seem features that home-seekers of it to have and at prices that continue irresistible, yet you will pay me for saying that in order to attract attention to her bargain counter, Amador ought to put out her sign.

You are publishing newspapers, and know that no business can succeed without advertising. On the same theory you can hardly expect people who are coming into the state to rush off to a place they know little about or that they never heard of.

I am led to these remarks from the fact that in all the activity manifested by different counties and different portions of California of late years to put their advantages in evidence, Amador has remained very quiet. The best possible means of advertising a locality is through the medium of exhibitions, and California is going to participate in two big expositions in the course of this year and next. We have the State Fair this fall and the Alaska-Yukon exposition next spring, and if Amador would like to have the people know that she is on the California map, these expositions afford a good opportunity for her to accomplish this object.

What ought to be done is to have a few of your enterprising citizens get together and ask the board of supervisors for a little money to collect a representative show of your products and bring them down to the State Fair. At the close of the fair everything you have of a non-perishable and desirable character will be taken off your hands and later taken to Seattle at the expense of the state and installed there to your credit. Thus you would have the benefit of being in evidence at two expositions for less than the usual cost of one. To reap the full harvest of this work, however, your exhibit should be backed up by some terse literature, explaining more in detail the opportunities and advantages of the locality from which the exhibit came.

Now you, brother editor, are in a position to take up this work and push it through, and take my word for it, if you do it and succeed, while some natural kickers will cuss and tume at your enterprise, the best people of your county, when they contemplate what you have done will rise up and call you blest.

Yours very truly,

J. A. FILCHER,
Representative of the governor.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50

ORDER BY MAIL TO-DAY

The D. Samuels Lace House Co.

are Selling

Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bath Towels at less than wholesale prices

Not in years have such low prices been quoted on Pequot Sheets. PEQUOT, as every woman knows, is America's standard sheeting, in fact the best in all the world. These sheets we offer are seamless, full width and hemmed ready for use.

54x90 Pequot Sheets are selling at - 50c
63x90 Pequot Sheets are selling at - 60c
72x90 Pequot Sheets are selling at - 65c
81x90 Pequot Sheets are selling at - 70c

Pillow Cases 45x36 inches, made of the best quality cotton, wide hem, ready for use, sale price - 15c

Turkish Towels, bleached, very large size, heavy weight, worth nearly double, sale price - 17½c

Huck Towels with colored border, size 18x36 inches, worth 15c everywhere, sale price - 8½c

Compare these values with those in your own town and you will order at once by mail.

Write for our Summer Catalogue.

The D. Samuels Lace House

Established over 55 years

Van Ness Avenue and Sutter Street

San Francisco, Cal.



with the use of CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER can bake delicious, healthful food. The essential requirement for pure cookery is a pure Cream of Tartar baking powder.

The absolute purity and wholesomeness of the ingredients of CLEVELAND'S insure the healthfulness and superior quality of your food. You can be sure of

CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER

Made from a Superior grade of Pure Cream of Tartar.

MUST BELIEVE IT

When Well-Known Jackson People Tell It So Plainly.

When public endorsement is made by a representative citizen of Jackson the proof is positive. You must believe it. Read this testimony. Every backache sufferer, every man, woman or child with any kidney trouble will find profit in the reading.

Ben. Gilbert, living in Jackson, Cal., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they proved of great benefit to me. I suffered from backache for a long time and the trouble gradually grew worse in spite of the different remedies I used. I got so that I could not do my work and at night was so tired and played out that I could not sleep. A friend finally advised me to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial and I procured a box at the City Pharmacy. I felt their good effect immediately and I continued taking them until I was cured. When ever I have felt any symptoms returning, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have always given satisfactory results."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and taken no other.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50

"Had dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."—J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio.

LINCOLN'S JOKE.

Fixing the Responsibility For the Loss of Harpers Ferry.

President Lincoln's jokes, especially when perpetrated in connection with grave matters, usually had a purpose in them. After Lee had taken Harpers Ferry the president, realizing how great a calamity it was to the northern arms, determined if possible to fix the responsibility for the loss of the important position.

Halleck was summoned, but did not know where the blame lay. "Very well," said Lincoln, "I'll ask General Schenck." The latter could throw no light upon the question, further than to say that he was not to blame. Milroy was the next to be called to the presence of the commander in chief and to enter a plea of "not guilty." Hooker was next given a hearing, and "Fighting Joe" made a very emphatic disclaimer of all responsibility.

Then the president assembled the four generals in his room and said to them: "Gentlemen, Harpers Ferry was surrendered and none of you, it seems, is responsible. I am very anxious to discover the man who is." After striding across the room several times the president suddenly threw up his bowed head and exclaimed: "I have it! I know who is responsible!"

"Who, Mr. President; who is it?" asked the distinguished quartet as they looked anxious, if not troubled.

"Gentlemen," said the president, with a meaning twinkle in his eye, "General Lee is the man."

There was a lack of mirth in the laugh created, and the four generals took their departure with a determination that they would not again be placed under suspicion.

SLEEP MYSTERIES.

Tasks Often Performed While the Worker Slumbers.

A psychologist was discussing the miracles of sleep.

"One can become so accustomed," he said, "to a monotonous task that one can fall asleep and still keep on working. Thus in India there are punka coolies, men who turn a fan all night long in the hot weather while their English masters rest, and it is not uncommon for a punka coolie to acquire the knack of sleeping at his task. On and on he sleeps through the hot, perfumed hours of the Indian night, but his hand mechanically and steadily turns the punka pulley."

"Men have composed great literary works in their sleep. Coleridge's 'Kubla Khan' is the most famous example of this; but, then, Coleridge was a morphia-maniac, and his sleep was scarcely natural. But R. L. Stevenson, Corelli and Longfellow have also done good work while sleeping."

"Divers sometimes fall asleep deep down in the sea, but some unknown part of their brain keeps watch, and at the proper moment, though asleep, they give the order to be hauled up. This is a good deal like the miracle that happens to all of us—the miracle whereby if we tell ourselves on retiring that we must wake at 7 we invariably do wake at that hour—how or why it is impossible to say. Some part of us watches, works, keeps awake all night, so that at 7 it may call us."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

You Never Can Tell

just exactly the cause of your rheumatism, but you know you have it. Do you know that Ballard's Snow Liniment will cure it?—relieves the pain—reduces the swelling and limbers the joints and muscles so that you will be as active and well as you ever were. Price 25c 50c and \$1. Sold by Rubner's City Pharmacy.

PA'S POLITICAL FAITH.

Pa says the government should own the telegraph and telephone. Because the plutocrats have planned to cheat us out of house and home; He says we'll have an awful smash unless we stop the millionaires; The public's got to take a hold and have a new deal, pa declares; But, gee, you ought to see him jump and grit his teeth and shake his fist When anybody dares to hint that he's become a socialist.

"If people only had some sense," said pa to me and ma one night, "We'd soon have public ownership of nearly everything in sight; The trusts are showin' how it's done, they're gettin' things all in a bunch And some day, when the time is ripe, the government'll get a hunch; If all the railroads can be run by Mr. Harriman of Hill,

It stands to reason, don't you see, that we could run them better still.

Ma listened steady for a while; I seen that she was worried, though; She kind of looked at pa as if he must be crazy, talkin' so; He said the government should run the savings banks and own the mines And make the gas and pipe the oil and operate the trolley lines; He spoke of revolutions and he hit the table with his fist, And then ma said: "Why, pa, it seems to me that you're a socialist."

"A socialist!" pa answered back, and nearly tumbled from his chair; He got a sudden look of pain, it seemd almost too much to bear; "It's lucky that you're not a man," pa said as fiercely as he could, Or I would make you eat them words!

I want to have it understood That I'm a good republican, just as my father used to be! A socialist, Jerusalem! To think that should be said to me!

When Mr Green and Mrs Green came in a while the other night, They got to talkin' politics, and pa lit in with all his might; He told them all about the way the government should take a hold, And break up all the trusts and leave the wealthy robbers in the cold; Then Mr Green said: "Brother, I too have become a socialist."

And as he said it, pa let fly and knock-ed him sprawlin' with his fist.

—Chicago Record-Herald.

Folger's Express.

All baggage promptly delivered. Orders strictly attended to. Folger's Express, Jackson. Mrs M. Folger, phone Black 401. Leave orders at Wells Fargo express office, Main 34.

College of Notre Dame MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA

Boarding and day school conducted by the Sisters of Notre Dame(Namur). Founded in 1856.

The curriculum embraces all the branches of a solid English education. Preparatory and advanced courses in art, language, and music

For further information address m14 SISTER SUPERIOR

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, both papers for one year \$2.50 in advance.

FROM OUR
CORRESPONDENTS

IONE.

June 11—Quite an excitement was caused in the town this morning when it was learned that an attempt had been made to rob Davis' saloon last night. The back door had a hole bored through it, so that a hand could be slipped through and the catch taken off. The robber only got a couple of dollars. It is thought that he became frightened for the till wasn't touched, only the cash register.

Miss Clyde Watrous of San Francisco, is the guest of her friend, Miss Elsie Martin this week.

Geo. Yager and Percy Stewart were visitors in Jackson Wednesday of this week.

Mrs B. Ledoux, who has been visiting in Sutter, returned home today.

Mr O'Neill and Mr Fortner were hurt this morning by the falling in of the crest of rock at the brick kiln. Mr O'Neill was working underneath the cave and was almost buried by the falling brick. It is a miracle that he escaped with his life. He is quite badly hurt, but it is thought not seriously.

The lone business men are going to Jackson Sunday to play a game of baseball with those of that town.

Whitney Rust of Jackson, visited lone last week.

T. A. Phillips, who has been working at Empire Mills, returned home Sunday.

E. G. Amick and family have gone to Exter to spend the summer with Mrs Amick's sister.

Mr Wiley of Jackson conducted the grammar grade examination here this week.

SUTTER CREEK.

June 11—Mr and Mrs Baylis Clark, and little daughter of Oroville, arrived here Wednesday evening. Mrs Clark will remain during the summer months visiting with her parents, Mr and Mrs E. C. Voorheis, Mr Clark returns to Oroville Sunday.

Rev. Brun and three sons of Jackson, were over Saturday and attended the picnic given by the teachers of the Episcopal Sunday school.

Charles Cassinelli and wife, who have been living in Lodi for the past year, returned to their old home here Sunday evening.

Mrs James Bales returned Monday evening from a two weeks' visit in Sonora with her brother, who was seriously ill.

Morris Brinn with Mrs Brinn, came up from the bay city Saturday evening.

Miss Rose Lawlor left Monday morning for Lodi, as a delegate to the Grand Parlor, N. D. G. W., which convened at that place this week. Miss Amy Pharis is also in attendance on the grand parlor.

Mr and Mrs Phillip Orchard left Monday for Sacramento, where they will visit a short time previous to their return to Victoria, B. C.

Will Kerr of Angels, accompanied by his wife and two children, were over visiting with Mrs M. Lathlean, Saturday and Sunday.

James McNaughton went to San Francisco Tuesday for an indefinite stay, visiting with his daughter, Miss Lulu, and old time acquaintances.

Mrs Peart and niece, Miss Mary Faul of Berkeley, are here, the guests of Mr and Mrs McGee and mother, Mrs Wildman.

Mr and Mrs Stephen Thomas arrived here last Friday night from Granite Hill, Oregon, where they have been living for about a year, they will remain here indefinitely.

Dr. Delucchi and wife, Dan Ramazzotti and wife, Mr and Mrs Philip Orchard, with Mrs E. Wadge, enjoyed an outing to Electra on the 4th inst., having an early start, the three seater, and well filled lunch baskets, returning late after a delightful day.

Miss Lizzie Parrow has returned from a short visit in Stockton.

Quite a number of the members of Queen Esther Chapter O. E. S. of this place, went to Plymouth Wednesday afternoon, and attended the funeral of Mrs L. Easton, a pioneer woman and a member of the order. Mrs Easton was about 80 years of age, the mother of Geo. Easton of the Forest House, and Mrs Dr. Tiffany of Oakland.

George Stribley of Berkeley, came up Wednesday, to visit with his uncle, John Stribley and family.

The entertainment given by the boys of the Masonic home was a success in every way, the little fellows proving their skill and talent to the delight of the audience. The house was packed to its utmost capacity, the dance after was also well attended, a large delegation from Amador was over to both concert and dance.

Among those who attended the concert Monday night were the Misses White, S. Kerr, Idele Whitehead and sister Mrs Wales Palmer, Dr. Lynch and wife and Mrs O'Connell, whose little son was among the boys. Trevor Weston of Plymouth, accom-

panied by his lady friend and sister, came over to the dance Monday night.

Miss Julia Tanner returned Sunday after an extended visit in Oakland and San Francisco with her sisters.

Mrs H. Morris of Napa, came up Sunday and is the guest of Mrs M. D. Nixon.

HE WAS QUALIFIED.

The Clergyman's Visitor Finally Got What He Was After.

"In that crisis," said a theatrical manager, speaking of a stage blunder he had committed, "I made a mistake, as queer a mistake as one that was made by a friend of mine, a clergyman."

"The clergyman had advertised for a butler, and the next morning after breakfast a well dressed, clean shaven young man in black was ushered into his study."

"Name, please?" said the clergyman.

"Hillary Arbuthnot, sir."

"Age?"

"Twenty-eight."

"What work have you been accustomed to?"

"I am a lawyer, sir."

"The clergyman started. This was odd. However, as he knew, many were called in the law, few chosen."

"But," he said, "do you understand the conduct of a household?"

"In a general way, yes," murmured the applicant.

"Can you carve?"

"Yes."

"Wash glass and silver?"

"I—er—think so." The young man seemed embarrassed. He frowned and blushed. Just then the clergyman's wife entered.

"Are you married?" was her first question.

"That," said the young man, "was what I called to see your husband about, madam. I desire to know if he can make it convenient to officiate at my wedding at noon next Thursday week."

AN ICONOCLAST.

His Views on Visiting the Birthplaces of Great Men.

If you like you may visit the house where Longfellow was born, but I have never myself done so. It seems rather foolish to make pilgrimages to the birthplaces of distinguished men. You are certain to be disappointed. There is Shakespeare's—at least, it is conjecturally his, a wretched, squalid hole of a garret, which only makes you sorry for the poet. And there is the birthplace of Robert Burns, transformed into a peepshow of tawdry "relics." What does it matter where a man was born? There is no particular merit in being born. No one who is born has any choice in the matter. He is just born because he has to be. The real thing to consider is what he does with himself after he has been born. I feel a reverential thrill when I enter Sir Walter Scott's noble book lined study at Abbotsford and see everything just as it was when he was still alive—his leather chair and his desk, at which he wrote each morning before his guests were out of bed. But where he was born is of no earthly consequence. Shakespeare and Scott and Burns and Longfellow must all have looked alike when they were babies, rather red and given to squalling and doubtless smelling of sour milk. No; Longfellow's birthplace I will not visit. I like to think that when he was a man he, too, walked on Congress street wearing rather gorgeous waistcoats. But to my mind Portland is not so much an object of admiration because of Longfellow as Longfellow is to be envied because he had the good luck to be born in Portland.—Bookman.

Ice Explosions in Siberia.

A Siberian traveler relates: "At Sadosk in the intensely cold nights the silence was sometimes broken by a loud report as of a cannon. This was the bursting of one of the ice bubbles in the river, a phenomenon I had neither heard nor read of before. The streams coming down from the hills were frozen on the surface some six to nine inches thick. The water beneath flowed faster than it could escape, and the pressure, on the principle of a hydraulic press, became irresistible. First the elasticity of the ice was seen by the rising of circular mounds from six to eight feet in diameter and from four or five feet high. The bursting point came at last with a report like an explosion. The water escaped, but soon froze again. I have seen scores of these ice hillocks in a few versts of the river."

A Strange Test of Manhood.

The ancient clan Macleod used to exercise a strange test to prove the manhood of their chieftains. At Dunvegan castle, island of Skye, there is preserved the large horn known as "Rory More's horn." This capacious vessel holds rather more than a bottle and a half of liquor. According to the old custom, every laird of Macleod was obliged on his coming of age to fill this horn with claret and without once laying it down to drain it to the dregs. This was taken as a proof of his manhood, and he was then deemed a worthy successor to the lairds of the past.—Dundee Advertiser.

Fire at Weddings.

Fire is an essential in some wedding celebrations. In Persia the service is read in front of a fire. In Nicaragua the priest, taking the couple each by the little finger, leads them to an apartment where a fire is lighted and there instructs the bride in her duties, extinguishing it by way of conclusion. In Japan the woman kindles a torch, and the bridegroom lights one from it, the playthings of the wife being burnt then and there.

Butcher Business Sold.

Fred Rabb, the Sutter Creek livery man, has purchased the butcher business of Alex Eudey and has paid a deposit to bind the bargain. He expects to take charge of the place on the first of the month. Mr Eudey will remain in the shop for a month or more, at the end of which time he does not know exactly what he will do. Mr Rabb will retain the ownership of the Sutter livery stable.

Constipation causes headache, nausea, dizziness, languor, heart palpitation. Drastic physics gripe, sicken, weaken the bowels and don't cure. Doan's Regulets act gently and cure constipation. 25 cents. Ask your druggist.

Cheap for cash.—One gentle mare with harness complete, and light spring wagon. Apply at E. S. Pitols, Jackson.

For Rent—Two front rooms in the Webb hall building, suitable for offices. Apply at Ledger office.

Furnished Rooms to let; inquire at Ledger office.

CASORIA.
Bears the
Signature
of
Chas. H. Fletcher

Bunyan's Sharp Answer.

John Bunyan wrote "The Pilgrim's Progress" in Bedford jail, where he was confined for his religion. A Quaker came to the prison and thus addressed him:

"Friend Bunyan, the Lord hath sent me to seek for thee, and I have been through several counties in search of thee, and now I am glad I have found thee."

Bunyan replied, "Friend, thou dost not speak truth in saying the Lord sent thee to seek for me, for the Lord well knows that I have been in this jail for some years, and if he had sent thee he would have sent thee here directly."

That Gas Bill.

"Say," exclaimed the irate flat dweller as he rushed into the gas office, "do you mean to say this bill represents the amount of gas we burned last month?"

"Not necessarily," calmly replied the man behind the desk. "It merely represents the amount you have to pay for."

—Chicago News.

Different Walks.

"What would you do if you was one o' dese millionaires?" said Meandering Mike.

"I s'pose," answered Plodding Pete, "dat I'd get meself a golf outfit an' walk fur pleasure instid o' from necessity."—Washington Star

He Went.

She (after 12 o'clock)—And would you really put yourself out for my sake? He—Indeed I would! She—Then do it, please. I'm awfully sleepy.—London Telegraph.

He who does a thing through another loses it himself.—Legal Maxim.

Where Were the Gordons?

An old woman of the name of Gordon in the north of Scotland was listening to the account given in Scripture of Solomon's glory, which was read to her by a little grandchild. When the little girl came to tell of the thousand camels which formed part of the Jewish sovereign's live stock, "Eh, lassie," cried the old woman, "a thousand Campbells, say ye? The Campbells are an auld clan, sure eneuch, but dinna ye see the Gordons too?"

So He Couldn't Tell.

"Is it true, pa, that the most sensitive part of the human body is the tip of the tongue?"

"I don't know, my son. Nobody ever stepped on my tongue the way they have on my corns."—New York Press.

Force without judgment falls by its own weight.—Horace.

Don't let the baby suffer from eczema, sores or any itching of the skin. Doan's Ointment gives instant relief, cures quickly. Perfectly safe for children. All druggists sell it.

You can save money by buying your goods now on sale at The Red Front.

BORN

HIPKINS.—At Tabean reservoir, June 9, 1908, to the wife of William A. Hipkins, a daughter.

HAVERSTICK.—At Jackson Gate, June 8, 1908, to the wife of John A. Haverstick, a son.

BLAIS.—In Mokelumne Hill, June 6, 1908, to the wife of H. L. Blais, a son.

STIRNAMAN.—In San Jose, May 17, 1908, to the wife of W. E. Stirnaman, a son—11 lbs.

TRAVERSO.—In South Jackson, June 6, 1908, to the wife of Angelo Traverso, a son.

HARRIS.—In Jackson, June 9, 1908, to the wife of Richard Harris, a son.

RICHARDS.—In Sutter Creek, June 4, 1908, to the wife of Peter Richards, a son.

CASSAGRANDE.—In Sutter Creek, June 10, 1908, to the wife of Jack Cassagrande, a son.

LUCIA.—In Sutter Creek, June 10, 1908, to the wife of M. Lucia, a son.

MARRIED.

DUKELOW-CRAIL.—In San Francisco, May 29, 1908, Harvey Duke-low of Berkeley, to Miss Gertrude Crail of Lancha Plana.

DIED.

HOLMAN.—In the county hospital, June 4, 1908, Mrs J. H. Holman, a native of Illinois, aged 73 years.

EASTON.—In Plymouth, June 6, 1908, Lucinda Jane Easton, native of England, aged 77 years, 7 months and 13 days.

BRUSIE.—In Los Angeles, June 10, 1908, Judson C. Brusie, a native of Indiana, aged 44 years.

Lung Trouble

How Easy

It is to catch a Cold on the Chest. To let that Cold develop into Consumption. DON'T DO IT. Safeguard yourself with a bottle of

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup

A medicine your Grandfather used. Easy to take, pleasant to the taste. Contains no opiates to make you feel good. Sold by all druggists. 50c. and \$1.00 per Bottle.

Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.

DAILY STAGE LINE

BETWEEN
JACKSON and EL DORADO

J. Steiner, Proprietor.

Leaves Jackson every morning at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 10:30 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 1 p. m.; arrives at El Dorado 5 p. m.

Leaves El Dorado 7:15 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 11 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 2 p. m.; arrives in Jackson at 5 p. m.

OFFICES—Jackson, National Hotel; Sutter Creek, American Exchange; Amador City, Amador Hotel; Drytown, Exchange; Plymouth, Forest House.

Prompt delivery of packages.

This line connects with passenger trains to and from Placerville.

THROUGH FARE . . . \$2.50

Fifty pounds of baggage free.

IT PAYS YOU TO WEAR

BOSS OF THE ROAD

OVERALLS

UNION MADE

Neustadter Bros. Sutter Creek, California

DEMAND THE BRAND

If You Want Good Health

DRINK NOTHING BUT

Ruhstaller's "Gilt Edge" Steam Beer

BEST BEER IN THE WORLD

Made from pure Hops and Malt

SACRAMENTO CALIFORNIA. my29

WE KEEP BOOKS For You

If you are the custodian of funds, it may be of some lodge, church, society or estate, and will deposit them in this bank and make all disbursements through it by checks, the books of the bank as well as your bank book, your cancelled checks and the stubs of your check book combine to make up a history of your transaction that prevents error. Besides, you take no chances of losing money by fire, or theft and you don't have to pay bills the second time even if some book-keeper does make a mistake.

Bank of Amador County Jackson, California.

Notice of Assessment.

Valparaiso Gold Mining Company. Location of works Jackson Mining district, Amador county, California. Location of principal place of business Jackson, Amador county, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Valparaiso Gold Mining Company, held on the 9th day of May, 1908, an assessment (No. 3) of one (1c) cent per share was levied on the subscribed capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in lawful money of the United States, to the secretary at the office of the company, at the store of Wm. Lam, Main street, Jackson, Amador county, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of June, 1908, will be delinquent and will be advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Monday, July 6, 1908, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

WILLIAM LAM, Secretary of said Valparaiso Gold Mining Company. Office of Company, Main street, Jackson, Amador county, California, may 15

WANTED

I want to hear from owner having

GOOD FARM or BUSINESS

for sale, any size and any locality. Not particular about location. If you want cash for your farm or business it will pay you to write me today. I only want to hear from owners who are willing to sell direct to the buyer and without paying a cent of commission to anyone. I am not a real estate agent and I don't accept properties for sale on a commission basis. Agents need not answer. If your farm or business is for sale write me at once and I will send you free full details of my new plan of putting you in touch with hundreds of people anxious to buy. I must hear from you quickly, as I have more buyers than I have properties to recommend. It costs you nothing to write to me and I may have someone who wants your place and will pay your full price. In writing give price and description, and state how soon possession can be had. Address L. DARBYSHIRE, Drawer 984 Rochester, N. Y.

WHAT WE DO

We loan our money on Real Estate only, valued at twice the amount of our loan. In addition to this double security, we further protect our depositors by a Paid Up Capital and Surplus of

\$375,000.00.

We pay the taxes on your deposits.

We pay 3 per cent and 4 per cent dividends semi-annually.

We are under the state law.

Resources. \$2,380,000

People's Savings Bank

SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Send for our booklet, "BANKING BY MAIL."

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878—
Notice For Publication.—2172

United States Land Office, Sacramento, Calif., April 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber land in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Domenico Gianini, of Volcano county of Amador, state of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2172 for the purchase of the S E 1/4 of S W 1/4, of Section No. 7, in Township No. 7 N., Range No. 13 E., M. D. M. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before U. S. commissioner for Amador county, at his office in Jackson, on Monday the 22nd day of June 1908, California.

He names as witnesses:

A. P. Shenor, Baldiero Barghella, G. R. Fitzgerald and M. P. Fitzgerald all of Volcano, Amador county, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in the office on or before said 15th day of June, 1908.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
apr. 17 Register

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of John Voss deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of John Voss, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the law office of Wm. J. McGee, Court street, Jackson, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated June 2, 1908.

H. E. POTTER,
Administrator of the estate of John Voss deceased.
Wm. J. McGee,
Attorney for administrator. je 5, 5

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Nick Sky deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Nick Sky, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, at the law office of Wm. J. McGee, Court street, Jackson, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated, May 21, 1908.

H. E. POTTER,
Administrator of the estate of Nick Sky, deceased.
Wm. J. McGee, attorney for administrator. may 22, 4

THE EAGLE Restaurant

V. ANTONETTI & G. ORSI, PROP.

French and Italian dinner at all hours.

Main st. Jackson

HODSON

The Photographer

ENLARGED PICTURES
PHOTOS

214 S San Joaquin st. STOCKTON

813 K st SACRAMENTO

1250 Clay st OAKLAND

Sunset Vale 1771 Capital 63

The F. THOMAS' Parisian

Dyeing and Cleaning Work

Dyeing and Cleaning Dress Goods

Silks, Blankets, and Curtains

A Specialty.

1012-10th st Sacramento

A Beautiful Picture

Given Away With Every Box of

KIRO TOOTH POWDER

PRICE Twenty-five cents

RUHSEY'S CITY PHARMACY.

Jackson, Cal.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall	Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall
May 1, 1908	42 80	.....	May 17, .....	.....	.....
2.....	40 70	.....	18.....	.....	.....
3.....	38 73	.....	19.....	.....	.....
4.....	40 73	.....	20.....	.....	.....
5.....	44 82	.....	21.....	.....	.....
6.....	47 85	.....	22.....	.....	.....
7.....	49 80	.....	23.....	.....	.....
8.....	44 81	.....	24.....	.....	.....
9.....	45 85	.....	25.....	.....	.....
10.....	49 87	.....	26.....	.....	.....
11.....	51 88	.....	27.....	.....	.....
12.....	53.....	.....	28.....	.....	.....
13.....	.....	.....	29.....	.....	.....
14.....	.....	.....	30.....	.....	.....
15.....	.....	.....	31.....	.....	.....
16.....	.....	.....	

Total rainfall for month..... 3.81 inches
Total rainfall for season to date..... 17.36 inches
To corresponding period last season 12.10 "

LOCAL NEWS

J. F. Wilson, Dentist, Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone—Office, black 444; residence, Black 394; Jackson.

Dalton W. Riggs and another gentleman connected with the Scientific American of New York, were here last Monday canvassing in the interest of the Encyclopedia Americana, a voluminous work of reference which the Scientific American is preparing to publish.

Mrs. Maggie Skelly from Butte, Montana, is visiting her brother, Dan Murphy beyond Scotts Valley.

Mrs. Alex Eudey returned home last Thursday, after a month's visit with relatives in Oakland and Stockton.

A girl seventeen years of age would like to get work in a small hotel waiting on tables or chamber maid, or a small family without big children but baby. Wages \$20 a month, small family \$15 a month. Address Miss Isabel Dowling, Defender, Amador county, Cal.

Mrs. Wm. Daugherty came up Saturday from Sacramento on a short visit. She left again for the city yesterday morning.

Mrs. R. J. Adams came up from Stockton Monday evening, on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Alex Eudey.

M. P. Calkins, of the Ledger office, left for San Francisco Saturday on a business trip. He returned Wednesday evening.

Wallace Jones went to San Andreas Saturday, on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Steele, who own a ranch between San Andreas and Angels.

Alfred Goldner moved Monday last from the Meek dwelling on Broadway to the corner of Church and Court streets near the court house.

The Eilers Music Co. of Stockton, through their salesman Ed. Mogolinsky, has just installed a Webster & Sons orchestra in the Last Chance Saloon, owned by Beluzzi & Co. This is the only machine of the kind in the county. Upon dropping a nickel into the slot, the electrical current, by which the instrument is operated, is turned on and the perforated roll begins to revolve. The machine is a combination of all the musical instruments that go to make up a first class orchestra.

Miss Susan Laughton, who has been visiting with relatives in Sacramento for the past three weeks, returned home Sunday.

Miss Charlotte Hayford came up Wednesday from Berkeley, to spend a couple of weeks with her sister, Miss Myrtle Hayford.

Thos. Peek, wife and son Allan, left Tuesday morning for their home in Oakland, after a short visit with relatives in this city.

Miss Marie Keagle of Stockton, came up Saturday on a visit, and is the guest of Mrs. C. B. Ardito.

Summer reduction sale now going on at The Red Front.

Odell Wilson, who fell down an ore chute at the Kennedy mine last week, was sufficiently recovered to leave yesterday morning for Shingle Springs in El Dorado county, where he has mining properties.

The Economizer Troubles.

A man named G. S. Ahart, whose home is in Placerville, and who has been a resident of that section for many years, was arrested in that town the latter part of last week, and brought to this city by sheriff Gregory on Saturday, with the intention of lodging him in jail, unless satisfactory bail were given. It seems the arrest was made on complaint of W. A. Carter, a resident of above Oleta, charging Ahart, and another man named Gaumer with conspiracy to defraud. The defendant was not lodged in jail, but was liberated on his own recognizance. He claims that he is innocent of wrong-doing, that he was employed to look out for customers in disposing of county rights in the selling of an invention called the "Kitchen Economizer." If his account of the invention is anywhere near correct, the thing is a very handy contrivance, and should sell readily. It retails for \$12, while the cost to the dealer is about \$3. So far none have been received by those who purchased rights, except samples for exhibition to intending purchasers. It is this failure to receive the goods that has awakened distrust. Mr. Ahart says he is not interested in these contracts, nor is he in partnership with Gaumer in any way. It is reported that the case is not, and probably will not be prosecuted. Ahart has been in Jackson most of the week, and says he is not going to let the matter drop without securing his own vindication.

The El Dorado Republican has the following concerning the case:

The sheriff of Amador county or his deputy came over here a few days ago and arrested George Ahart, who was charged with obtaining money under false pretenses by W. A. Carter, who lives on the Cosumnes river at the border of the two counties.

It seems that one A. B. Gaumer of Salt Lake, Utah, came here a short time ago to sell what he calls "The Kitchen Economizer" and also territory in which to sell the contrivance. The contrivance is made of tin to hold all the usual supplies required for cooking in a convenient way and is manufactured for Gaumer in Cincinnati.

Ahart traveled with Gaumer and showed him where to find probable customers. He seems to have been employed by Gaumer. The right to sell the economizer was disposed of to Oscar Mann for Alameda, San Mateo, Contra Costa and San Joaquin counties; to L. I. Butts for Oregon; to G. W. Stark of Fairplay for Oklahoma, to G. W. Brownell of Missouri Flat for Nevada; to Jos Wigglesworth jr., of Ankum, El Dorado and Sacramento counties; to W. A. Carter, the prosecuting witness, for Amador and Calaveras counties. Gaumer has gone away and it is not believed that Ahart's relation with the case involves any criminality. It is said that he is accused of selling the same territory to two or more different persons fraudulently, but the contracts, it is also claimed, do not give anybody exclusive privileges. Mr. Brownell has ascertained that Nevada has been wholly or partially canvassed for the economizer. Ahart was held for a few days at Jackson.

Ross Moon left this morning for San Francisco, where he expects to remain for some time.

Dr. J. D. Fogarty went to Oakdale Wednesday, to visit with relatives.

Whitney Rust will leave the first of the week for Siskiyou county, where he has secured a position as time-keeper on the Southern Pacific construction works. He expects to be gone for a couple of months.

Carl C. Jensen, the optician, has sent word that he will be in Jackson about the tenth of this month, and will be located while here at J. H. Langhorst's jewelry store. He will be glad to wait upon all of his old customers and any who might need their eyes attended to.

The board of education has just completed the examination of applicants for grammar grade diplomas from the different schools of the county. There were ninety-eight applications in all. The papers have all been corrected, and are now being graded. The diplomas will be awarded tomorrow.

Reuben C. Pardoe of Lancha Plana, has been visiting Ernest Spagnoli for several days. He has for two years been attending the State University, and will enter the Hasting law college at the beginning of next term.

FOR SALE.—A fine driving team both single and double, a No. 1 buggy with or without pole and double harness, all in good order; also light spring wagon with top suitable for mountain travel. Will sell any part or as a whole. Call or address Ledger office may 15-1f.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pictorial*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

SUPERIOR COURT PROCEEDINGS

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE

Carlo Giovannoni administrator vs. Giuseppe Dai Porta—Order requiring attorney to go over the accounts and books, as the matter as it now stands was not understood. Allowed 10 days to give information required, otherwise court will have to appoint an expert to report upon the books.

F. C. Brinkman vs. Chas. B. Johnson—Demurrer withdrawn; defendant allowed 30 days to answer.

Application of William Thomas Brewer to become a citizen.—Petitioner admitted to citizenship upon testimony of S. D. N. Spagnoli and John A. Cademartori.

People vs. Charles Lindsay.—W. G. Snyder appeared as counsel for defendant, and upon request time of passing sentence continued until Tuesday June 9.

Estate of John Eckart—Sale of personal property confirmed; final account settled and allowed. Claim of Emma Roberts for \$180 filed.

Estate of Nettie Schober.—Decree of distribution granted.

Estate of Altie M. Barney.—Matter continued.

Estate of Mary Mullen—H. E. Potter appointed administrator; F. N. Soracco, Geo. E. Allen and W. E. Finn appointed appraisers.

Estate of John Blackwell.—Estate appraised at \$101.

Masonic Home Boys' Band.

Wednesday evening the boys' band, under the leadership of Geo. W. Bennett, from the Masonic Home at Decoto, in Alameda county entertained the people of Jackson in a most pleasing manner. The band is composed of fifteen of the twenty-six boys now at the home, all of them being under the age of sixteen. The music furnished would compare favorably with bands made up of older people, and with a longer organization. Accompanying the band was an orchestra from San Francisco, which gave several selections. James E. Dye, secretary of the Jackson lodge of Masons, made a few remarks as to the government of the home, and the object of the tour of the boys. He said that those eligible for admission are any master Mason in good standing, who is unable to support himself; the wife of a Mason already an inmate of the home; a widow of a Mason, or the orphan of a Mason who is unable to support himself, or secure support. They must all be free from disease, as it is intended that it shall be a home and not a hospital. The boys are taught printing, agriculture and music. None of the expenses of the band are taken from the general fund of the home, but must be raised by subscription or entertainments. A few years ago the late Morris Siminoff, a prominent San Francisco Mason, who has done much for the home, furnished the band with a complete set of new instruments at a cost of \$800. At the time of the fire they were in the city being repaired, and so were destroyed. California chapter of San Francisco immediately set to work to raise sufficient money to purchase a new outfit. The instruments they have at present were secured through their efforts.

After a couple of hours of music the floor was cleared for dancing, the San Francisco orchestra furnishing the music. The receipts for the evening were \$144.50 from the entertainment, and \$29.50 from the dance. The expenses were \$41, leaving \$133. To cut down the expenses of the trip several of the Masons volunteered to provide for the boys. Dr. and Mrs. Carl Schacht, Mr. and Mrs. Zumbiel, Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Williams, Dr. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Hedgcock, Mr. and Mrs. Lucet, and Mr. and Mrs. Phil Roberts each cared for two boys. They left yesterday morning for Mokelumne Hill, from where they will tour through the southern mines, and then to the northern part of the state.

These band boys are out on a tour through the state to advertise the home, and assist it financially. The plan is to give an entertainment in the small towns wherever there is a Masonic lodge. They were in Volcano Tuesday night.

Summer

CLEARANCE SALE

All Millinery stock on sale at cost price at

Miss Hayford's

Plumes far cheaper

than at Cawston's Or-trich Farm.

STILL IN THE FRONT

For full lines of clothing, shoes, drygoods, gloves, silks, laces, embroideries, ladies' waists and ties, and corsets, all of which will be sold to the people of Amador county for less than any house in the state, taking out the expenses and express charges.

SHOW'S CASH STORE

Sutter Creek - California

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

(The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so)

Deeds—Wm. J. Harvey to Joseph Bastian et ux, part of lot 2 in block 1, Jackson, \$10.

Augusta and James McDonald to Emma Robert, undivided one-half of NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, sec. 28, township 7, range 12; also undivided one-half of two parcels of land in NW 1/4 of 26-7-12, \$270.

M. E. Tucker et al to W. M. Tucker, undivided 3/4 of two lots in SW 1/4 of 5-6-11, Sutter Creek, \$5.

Wm. M. Tucker to M. E. Tucker, two lots in SW 1/4 of 5-6-11, Sutter Creek, \$10.

C. C. Castle to Sophia E. Castle, 1/2 interest in a mining claim on Phillips Ranch, 3 1/2 miles north of Plymouth. Love and affection.

Decree of Distribution.—Estate of Nettie Schober to A. A. Bonterious, one-half and to Josephine Harvey one-half, consisting of personal property appraised value \$1700, one-tenth of Good Hope quartz lode mining claim, portion of the surface of Good Hope mine, lot of land commonly known as Schober agriculture strip, and certain rights of way.

Certificate Sale on Foreclosure of Liens—U. S. Gregory sheriff, to Wm. J. McGee, mining property known as the Lincoln Mine; also Lincoln ditch 18 miles long with all improvements and machinery on property near Sutter Creek, \$5646.82.

Chattel Mortgage—A. Jones to L. W. Jones, hotel and 3/4 saloon furniture and fixtures situate in "Pine Grove Hotel," to secured promissory note for \$300 with interest at 8 per cent per annum.

Certificate of Redemption—John Zibilitch, redeemed by Mrs. Zibilitch, lots in Plymouth being lots 1, 2 and 3 block 25, \$23.43.

Locations—A. B. Simpson et al of Big Buck quartz claim Volcano mining district.

Warren Barney of Stray Beauty quartz mining claim.

Will Leave for Europe.

Tomorrow a party of six, composed of Mr. and Mrs. Luigi Poggi, Mrs. Anna Rettagnatta of Amador City, Wm. Tam, B. Airoldi and Domenico Boro, will leave for Italy. They will meet Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Harvey in Sacramento, from whence they will all travel together to New York, where they will take the same steamer to Plymouth, England, where Mr. and Mrs. Harvey will leave the party and go to their old home. The rest will then proceed to Scarborough, on the coast of France, and from there to Paris, where they will procure transportation to their respective parts of Italy. At the end of probably a month they will meet again in some central city and will then take in some of the most interesting points. They expect to be in Jackson some time during the latter part of September.

The Amador Mills at Ione are offering mountain pine lumber at \$20 per M; Oregon pine at \$22 per M. Any one wanting lumber will do well to call on them as the stock will not last long. Amador Mills.

Buy the best sewing machines made, for sale cheap. Z. T. Justus, Weil Bldg. Jackson.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pictorial*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Ferre, in the shape of violent physic or ill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripes; 10, 25 and 50 cents per box. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, New York, 433
KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

—GO TO THE—

AMADOR BAKERY

When You Want Fresh BREAD
A. DAL PORTO & CO. PROP'S.

We also keep a large stock of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

Our Specialty—Fresh Bread every day except Sunday

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Gust Patterson, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No 2203, for the S 1/2 of SE 1/4 and S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Section 1, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. A. Chiebizola of Amador City, Calif., J. P. Moffett and Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon, and G. C. Bruce of West Point, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.
je 12-td

Clipped from our Exchanges

From Near-by Counties.

In the justice's court in Ione, Judge T. H. Gartlin sentenced Wm. McGlaughlin to 40 and Wm. Recarte to 50 days in the county jail. —Echo.

A disarrangement of the machinery at the App hoist last Friday night allowed the skip to crash into the sheaves with such force as to wreck the gallow's frame. To repair the damage required four days. —Banner.

Henry Schmidt, the miller at the Amador County Flour Mills, met with a painful accident last Friday. While cleaning a small rifle, with a metal rod, his hand slipped and he drove the rod clear through the fleshy part of his hand inflicting a very painful wound. —Ione Echo.

A small-sized cyclone visited this section on Tuesday noon. Starting near the Gold Cliff mine, it broke down a tree; then going through the yard of Mrs. Harris, it carried away a large chicken house, dropping it on top of the canvas plant about 300 yards distant. It also tore down several lengths of the flume leading to the plant. —Angels Record.

Frank Grillo has received notification from Washington, that President Roosevelt appointed him postmaster of Angels Camp on May 26th, for a term of four years, with a salary of sixteen hundred dollars per year. Grillo gives a bond of twelve thousand dollars, which he will forward to Washington at once. He will enter upon his duties about June 15th. —Citizen.

On last Saturday a cyclone caught a woodshed on the ranch of Jacob Tower at Salt Spring Valley, and carried the building a distance of about thirty feet. A lot of hay which had been cocked was also distributed over an area of ground half a mile square. —Angels Record.

Secretary Demming of the state board of examiners is somewhat puzzled over a letter he has received, says the Bee. The communication is from Giles Otis Pearce of Murphys, Calaveras county. Pearce presents a claim against the state for \$2,000. He declares that C. M. Webber and G. J. Thompson, directors of the Big Tree Mining Company, and Judge A. I. McSorley of San Andreas have unlawfully and feloniously stolen his house from him and are keeping him from taking possession again by force of arms. He demands that the state pay him for his losses. Aside from gleaming the information that Pearce wants \$3,000, Secretary Demming has not made head nor tail of the letter. —Calaveras Chronicle.

A San Francisco dispatch of the 29th ult. says that in the divorce suit brought by L. W. Fisher, against Margaret Fisher, which has been pending for some time, several letters were introduced in which it is alleged that the Ingomar mine in Calaveras county in which Mrs. Fisher alleges her husband is a partner, was to be "salted" for a sale. The property is owned by the Ingomar Consolidated Mining Company. Fisher alleges he was only an employee. The letters were written to M. Fay, instructing him to put some rich ore in the shaft or the tunnel in anticipation of the visit of purchasers. —Calaveras Chronicle.

Last Thursday morning a greatly agitated woman arrived in town in search of her 15-year old daughter, whom she feared had been enticed away from home by a married man, who has been living on a ranch above Sonora. She enlisted the services of Judge Opie and Marshal Sweeney and the latter soon located the couple at a rooming house in town. The man whose name is Patrick J. Driscoll arrived in town Wednesday and was assigned a room, which he stuck strictly to, having his meals sent to him from a near-by restaurant, complaining of feeling ill. The girl, who is under 15 years of age, arrived the following day and was assigned to a room nearby her paramour. Marshal Sweeney was on the alert and about 10 o'clock that night found the couple in one room and promptly put the man under arrest, taking him to the county jail at once. The girl, who refuses to return to her mother, will be taken care of until her father, a miner at Melones, can be communicated with. Driscoll, who is under \$5000 bail, languishes in the county bastille, no one, as yet having come to his rescue. He is charged with child stealing, the maximum penalty of which is 20 years in the pen. He had taken leave of his wife and was supposedly on his way to Seattle when arrested. As he married his present wife only about a month ago, future developments are awaited with interest. —Tuolumne Independent.

A Vital Point

The most delicate part of a baby is its bowels. Every ailment that it suffers with attacks the bowels also endangering in most cases the life of the infant. McGee's Baby Elixir cures diarrhoea, dysentery and all derangements of the stomach or bowels sold by Kusher's City Pharmacy.

What are known as "grab stake" contracts do not come within the statute of frauds and do not require written contracts to make them binding. Contracts of this nature come rather under the head of what are known as "qualified partnerships" and are arranged upon terms mutually understood—one party agreeing to furnish tools, provisions, supplies, etc., the other party agreeing to industriously search for mineral, which, if discovered belongs to both parties of the contract in such proportion as was originally agreed upon. If the contract contemplates the development and operation of any mineral deposit that may be discovered, then the contract becomes a partnership. If this agreement be not made prior to the discovery of the mine, then neither partner to the "grabstake" agreement can be compelled to join the other in development and equipment of the property. They become simply tenants in common, neither party having the right to bind the interest of the other. —Mining Review.

"An Apology for Graft"

In another remarkable article for the June American Magazine Lincoln Steffens deals with the threadbare subject of graft apologetically. Taking the San Francisco bribery cases as his text, he shows how the grafters high and low are the victims of a vicious circle of holdups. He says "we Americans have been out on a man hunt," and are trying mob-like to catch some victim on whom to vent our rage and hate. He has come to "hate this hate and this hunt." He says he has bayed his bay and is sick of it, having seen that if he followed the human trail he was on far enough he would have caught himself. He confesses that he contributed to the guilt of the most intelligent rascal in the United States.

In every case he finds that men would like to keep straight, but when it is only a choice of giving up their particular game of business, or of fighting, they instinctively fight. The mistake of the criminal rich is in assuming "that the success of their particular business is more important than the success of our great experiment in democracy." Steffens concludes that the American political prayer should be "deliver us from temptation," and that all sincere men are coming to see that governmental privileges "are temptations too great for human nature to resist." They are realizing that we have to deal with things rather than with men, and that it is conditions that makes men bad.

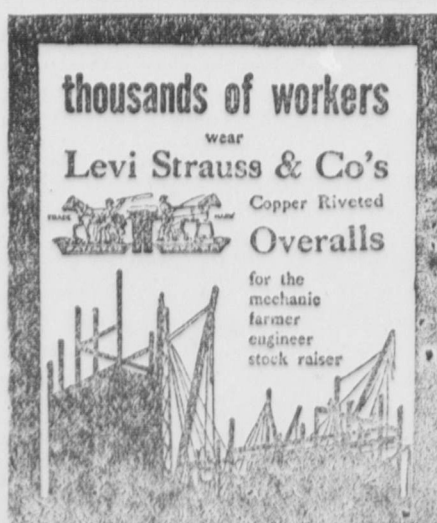
How Our Army Is Formed.

The average citizen, it is safe to say, has a very hazy idea concerning the size and constitution of the United States Army. A writer in Harper's Weekly gives some interesting facts bearing upon this matter. The government dreams of an army numbering 70,000 men. The present strength is 57,000. Of the theoretical 70,000 soldiers the fifteen regiments of cavalry, which never lack their full complement, comprise nearly 14,000 officers and men; the six regiments of field artillery, 5500; the coast artillery corps close upon 20,000; the thirty regiments of infantry, 27,000; the engineers, 2000, and the remainder consist of the staff corps, Indian scouts, and a small number of native soldiers in Porto Rico and the Philippines. The total number of commissioned officers amounts to about 3900.

World's Biggest Clock Starts.

At 3 p. m. Monday a clock was started on the top of the factory building of Colgate & Co., in Jersey City, which is believed to be the largest clock in the world. It is 38 feet across its dial and the mechanism weighs 2000 pounds. The minute hand is 20 feet long and its end travels 24 inches every minute. At night the hands are outlined with incandescent lights, a red light marking each numeral and a white light for each minute.

PIONEER FLOUR always has been and still is the best.



CONGRESSMAN ENGLEBRIGHT

Some of the Things He Has Done For This District.

Congressman Englebright returned last week to his home in Nevada county. In an interview he has given out to the reporter of the Transcript the following concerning what he has done during the session of congress just closed:

Banking and Currency.
"The great subject for discussion when congress convened last December was currency and banking. It was a subject on which there was no uniformity of ideas among the bankers and business men of the country. They differed so widely on this question that it was thought impossible for a bill to be passed that would be satisfactory as an emergency measure. The matter was finally brought to a head by a caucus of the republican members of the house which resulted in the passage of the amended Vreeland Bill. This bill is capable of affording the country relief in a time of emergency like that of last year. The bill provides for a commission to investigate the question of emergency currency during the summer and California was honored by having congressman Smith of the eighth district placed on the commission.

Mines Bureau Bill.

"I was successful, as chairman of the sub-committee of the committee on mines and mining in the house, to whom was referred all the bills to provide for the establishment of a bureau of mines and mining, in organizing the various mining interests of the country, including the coal miners, to work in harmony for the passage of a bill having for its object the establishment of such a bureau in the department of the interior, with a commissioner of mines at its head. When I went to congress in December there was no possible chance of the passage of such a measure, but I persisted and the bill was passed by the house, and reported favorably in the senate by the senate committee on mines and mining. Unfortunately the bill was not reached before adjournment. The measure will be taken up immediately on the reassembling of congress at the short session and will be passed. This will be one of the greatest achievements for the mining industry of the United States that has been accomplished in years.

The National Forest.

"The policy relative to the national forest is getting to be one of the great and important questions with which congress has to deal. The representatives from the western states have united on the proposition and they have determined that the reserves shall not be used as revenue producers for the benefit of other sections of the United States. We were successful in getting an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill which increases from 10 to 25 per cent the amount which shall go to the counties from the receipts of the national forest. This will be an important item of revenue to every county included in the reserve. Another proposition that remains to be threshed out is the attempt on the part of the government to make a charge on water rights or rights of way in the national forest. This we contend is a subject entirely for the state to deal with. The state constitution claims the right to control the waters of the state, and that all charges or taxes to be levied on them belong to the state.

Pensions for the Widows.

"An important matter to the veterans of the civil war was the passage of the bill increasing the pensions of the widows of soldiers to \$12 a month, which increase they will receive without any further application on their part if already in receipt of a pension. I worked hard for this measure knowing how many there were in my own district deserving of this support from the government.

The Humboldt Bar.

"For the benefit of the people of Humboldt county I wish to say that the affairs of the Humboldt bar are in excellent shape. A Survey has been made by the government engineers and they have reported favorably on appropriating more than a million dollars for the improvement of the entrance to the Eureka harbor. This appropriation will be made and it will be of inestimable benefit to the people of the whole of Humboldt county. I have worked hard to get this money, knowing the necessity for it. I hope to shape things at the next session so as to make the Eureka harbor one of the best in the United States.

Building for Grass Valley.

"I succeeded in getting the public buildings bill an appropriation of \$10,000 for a site for a government building in Grass Valley. At the next session I hope to be able to get an amount sufficient to put the building up. When constructed it will be a credit to the city. I want to express my obligation to the committee of Grass Valleyans who got up the petition which was sent to congress. It was one of the best things I ever saw and I believe that without it I would not have been able to get the appropriation."

ONE SAT STILL.

Captain Cook's Walking Stick With Thunder and Lightning.

When Captain Cook's ship, the Endeavor, lay in Mercury bay, New Zealand, in 1769, a brown boy of eight, who afterward became a chief and lived to a great age, went aboard of her. His name was Taniwha.

It was easy enough for the brown boys to pick out Kapene Kuku (Captain Cook) among the men on board. Taniwha said; he was the leader of the "goblins," a very great man. He walked the ship grave and dignified. He held up a nail, a priceless treasure, and, when Taniwha laughed, gave it to him. Then the boys knew that he was good as well as great. They were shocked that a grownup Maori stole a piece of calico.

"They paddled away," Taniwha continued. "The goblin went down into the hold of the ship, but soon came up with a walking stick in his hand and pointed it at the canoe. Thunder pealed and lightning flashed, but those in the canoe paddled on.

"Then they landed. Eight rose to leave the canoe, but the thief sat still with his dogskin mat and the goblin's garment under his feet. His companions called him, but he did not answer. One of them shook him, and the thief fell back into the hold of the canoe, and blood was seen on his clothing and a hole in his back."

THE POLITE FRENCHMAN.

He Will Say "Pardon," but Will Crowd You Off the Pavement.

Among the myths about the Parisians that have been fastened on the world at large is the notion that they are the politest people we have. That is a good old one, but when you come to analyze it its mythical qualities soon show. The Parisians are conversationally polite. They are the greatest artists at the deferential phrase and the obsequious bow.

Actually the Parisian is not polite. He is not even passably polite. He is discourteous and disagreeable. He walks along the streets as if he owned them and refuses to turn out, no matter what the circumstances are. He bumps into passersby who are used to the ordinary street courtesy, swoops upon the best seats in the public conveyances, will not budge an inch when your theater seats are beyond him, crowds you in the restaurants and cafes, ogles every woman he meets and is generally offensive. To be sure, if he sees a chance to get anything away from you or to advance his own interest at your expense, he says "Pardon"—and does what he has in mind. His politeness consists of that one word, "Pardon." So far as his language goes, he is courteous. But it is all conversation.—Samuel T. Blythe in Everybody's Magazine.

Hook Swinging in Bengal.

The people of Gangutia, in Bengal, have or used to have a barbarous practice called hook swinging. They deck themselves out with garlands and then assemble together to undergo the most horrible torture. A wire about a quarter of an inch in diameter and seven feet long is pierced through the tongue, and then the wretched being will dance for over half an hour with the wire still hanging through the tongue. Some of them form themselves into a row and are then sewed together by a wire needle threaded with cord. They are sewed by the arms and look like herrings on a wire when ready for the hook. It is thought that the victims are drugged considerably beforehand owing to the sullen, dazed expression they wear throughout, but sometimes one or two faint and are with great difficulty brought round again.

Weddings and Broken Teeth.

"After every big east side wedding the dentists of the quarter reap a harvest," said a dental surgeon. "It is the broken teeth that keep us busy. I do not mean that the guests raise a row and knock out one another's teeth. Oh, no; it's the wedding cake that does the mischief. Over here bakers mix into wedding cakes every kind of a charm from coins and tiny china dolls to plain tin tags. In the course of the festivities many a luckless guest is bound to crack a tooth on that indigestible part of the wedding feast. At various times the wedding cake victims have talked of getting up a petition imploring the bakers to omit all gritty ingredients, but up to date the snapping of teeth goes merrily on."—New York Sun.

The Longer Title.

If there is a system of abbreviation of mercantile terms in Germany, perhaps all the shorthand clerks know it. There is a little story about social rivalry among a semiofficial class in Berlin: A proud young matron exclaimed in high spirits that she was enjoying the happiest moment of her life. "My Fritz has been appointed hauptkasens-verwaltungsassistent!" That means assistant cashier. "Now," she went on, "in my title of hauptkasens-verwaltungs-assistentin I boast of five letters more than that struck-up oberhofsteuamtsinspektorin (excise inspector's wife) can claim!"—New York Press.

Effect of the Lesson.

"My!" exclaimed the minister's wife. "I never saw the boys in this street fighting so much as they have lately. There are two of them fighting now, and I'm sure they're members of our Sunday school."

"Ah, I see!" remarked the Rev. Mr. Wise. "Last Sunday's lesson was about David and Goliath." —Philadelphia Press.

Untold Wealth.

"What is 'untold wealth,' pa?"

"The property you keep out of the tax list."—Harper's Weekly.

Confidence

when eating, that your food is of highest wholesomeness—that it has nothing in it that can injure or distress you—makes the repast doubly comfortable and satisfactory.

This supreme confidence you have when the food is raised with

ROYAL

Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

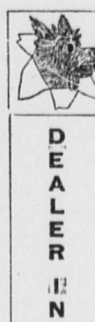
The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

There can be no comforting confidence when eating alum baking powder food. Chemists say that more or less of the alum powder in unchanged alum or alum salts remains in the food.

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PLIES, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

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McCALL
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FINE ASSORTMENT OF ———— TEA AND COFFEE

CENTRAL GROCERY HOUSE

C. E. Olver & Wm. J. Nettle, jr., Proprietors.

FULL LINE OF—

Fresh Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables.

Fresh Fish every Thursday and Friday.

North Main Street ———— Jackson, Cal.

NORTH MAIN STREET

JACKSON, CAL.

CITY MEAT MARKET.

GEO. L. THOMAS & CO.

Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Lamb, Hams, Corned Beef, Lard, Bacon, Etc.

At lowest market prices. - - - Orders promptly delivered.

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BY USING

PIONEER FLOUR

Because it will make more loaves of bread to the sack than any other. Made from strongest wheat

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Second circuit.....Rufus W. Peckham
Third circuit.....Henry W. Brown
Fourth circuit.....Melville W. Fuller
Fifth circuit.....Edward W. White
Sixth circuit.....John M. Harlan
Seventh circuit.....William R. Day
Eighth circuit.....David J. Brewer
Ninth circuit.....Joseph McKenna

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

(Pacific States and Territories)

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Circuit Judge.....Eskire M. Ross
Circuit Judge.....William B. Gilbert
U. S. Commissioner for Amador county.....Richard Webb

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CONGRESSMEN FROM CALIFORNIA

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Second district.....Duncan E. McKinlay
Third district.....Joseph K. Knowland
Fourth district.....Julius Kahn
Fifth district.....E. A. Hayes
Sixth district.....James C. Needham
Seventh district.....James McLachlan
Eighth district.....S. C. Smith

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Lieut.-Governor.....Warren R. Porter
Secretary of State.....Charles F. Curry
Controller.....A. B. Nye
Treasurer.....Wm. R. Williams
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Surveyor-General.....Wm. S. Kingsbury
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Associate Justice.....F. W. Henshaw
Associate Justice.....W. G. Lorigan
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First district.....Samuel P. Hall
First district.....Frank H. Kerrigan
Second district.....Matthew T. Alfen
Second district.....James W. Taggart
Second district.....Victor E. Shaw
Third district.....Norton P. Chipman
Third district.....Albert G. Burnett
Third district.....Elijah C. Hart

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Second district.....Alex Brown
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Assemblyman, 11th dist.....G. F. Snyder

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[Sacramento]

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Receiver.....Will A. Newcum

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Sheriff & Tax Collector.....U. S. Gregory
Deputy.....W. T. Connors
District Attorney.....C. P. Vicini
Clerk and Auditor.....J. R. Huberty
Deputy.....L. Newman
Recorder.....D. A. Patterson
Deputy.....L. G. Meehan
Treasurer.....George A. Grifton
Assessor.....C. E. Jarvis
Deputy.....George A. Gordon
Survivor.....Wm. Brown
Supt. of Schols.....W. H. Greenhaigh
Supt. Hospital.....F. B. LeMoin
Physician.....E. E. Endicott, M. D.
Coroner & Public Admr.....H. E. Potter
Court Commissioner.....Geo. A. Gordon

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Township 2W. Amick, [Chairman] Jone
Township 3.....A. Grillo, Volcano
Township 4D. A. Fraser, Sutter Creek
Township 5.....L. Burke, Plymouth

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Township No. 1.....A. Goldner
Township No. 2.....T. H. Gardlin
Township No. 3.....A. W. Robinson
Township No. 4.....W. L. Rose
Township No. 5.....John Blower

CONSTABLES

Township No. 1.....A. Laverone
Township No. 2.....J. E. Kelley
Township No. 3.....T. C. McKenzie
Township No. 4.....T. S. Tuttle
Township No. 5.....N. E. Wheeler

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weekly for the Ledger.

Living Pictures in Natural Colors.—

A Sparking Metal.—Colored Timber.—A Cavalry Boat.—Material for Manufacture.—The Finest Writing.

The simple and practical way in which G. Albert Smith, the British photographer, has added natural colors to ordinary moving pictures promises a new era. In the now familiar lives method, the red, green and blue are sited out by three screens of colored glass, the negative taken under each containing the details of a portion of the view, and the complete picture is brought out and the colors given to it by placing a screen behind each plate in a projecting lantern and combining the rays from the three lanterns upon the screen in one projection. In simplifying the process two lanterns and one screen have been eliminated. Two screens—one green and one orange-red—are found to give correct color effects, and the film is first exposed in alternate strips under the screens, the colors being restored in reproducing the picture by a rotating disc, so synchronized that the proper color will always be opposite the point originally exposed under that color. The defects are corrected by the eye defect known as persistence of vision.

An alloy that gives off showers of sparks when struck with metal—igniting not only gas but alcohol-soaked wicks—was a recent accidental discovery of Auer von Welsbach. It consists of iron with cerium, lanthanum or other of the rare earths used for incandescent gas mantles, and the sparking is found to reach a maximum with the percentage of iron at 30. A use for igniting explosives is suggested.

By a Norwegian process, sap is forced out of green tree trunks, and dye is injected in its place. This is claimed to give colored wood for furniture and finish that will not warp and is much more durable than ordinary wood.

The new folding boat of the German army, especially adapted for mounted soldiers, is claimed to be an advance in military engineering. Being needed only temporarily the steel cavalry lances serve for a frame, from 12 to 16 being usually used, with 3 or 4 more for oars. A water-tight sail-cloth is taken along for the covering, two being usually carried on a horse's back, and the special oilcloth covered oar blades can be folded together to slip into the pocket. A few men put the boat together in three or four minutes. A load is about 3500 pounds, but a number of boats can be joined for ferries for horses, guns and heavy materials, and even for pontoon bridges. In the boat drills of the Upper Rhine and neighboring lakes, 16 men have crossed swift water at a load, with arms and saddles, the horses swimming alongside.

The edible seaweeds of Hawaii number more than 70 species, of which about 40 are in common use by the natives, and M. Reed of the Hawaiian Agricultural Experiment Station, suggests that these seaweeds should supply the raw material for a large industry in the manufacture of gelatine, glue, starch, etc. Japan derives a large income from utilizing its algae. The Hawaiian species, known locally as limu, are now crudely cultivated, and are chiefly used as salads. Analysis of sun-dried specimens of typical species have shown a composition of 12.3 to 18.7 per cent of water, 5.6 to 14.87 of proteins (gelatine), etc., 50.8 to 61.4 of carbohydrates, 0.19 to 2.98 per cent of crude fiber, and 15.6 to 17.8 of mineral constituents.

A remarkable machine made by a lately deceased member of the Royal Microscopical Society for writing with a diamond seems to have been broken up by its inventor. A specimen of its work is the Lord's Prayer of 227 letters, written in the 1-237000 of a square inch, which is at the rate of 53,880,000 letters or fifteen complete Bibles, to a single square inch. To decipher the writing it is necessary to use a 1-12 inch object, which is the high power lens physicians employ for studying the most minute bacteria.

A Wreck

is the only fit description for the man or woman who is crippled with rheumatism. Just a few rheumatic twinges may be the forerunner of a severe attack—stop the trouble at the start with Ballard's Snow Liniment. Cures the rheumatism and all pain. Price 25c, 50c and \$1. Sold by Rubser's City Pharmacy.

Receipt books, location blanks, deeds mortgages, promissory notes, etc., for sale; also mining signals on cloth, graduation diplomas, at the Ledger office

GOOD AND BAD BY TURNS.

At the banquet given by the business men, Rev. Dr. C. R. Hudson told the following story, which made a big hit: He said two men, who had not met for many years, but who had been warm friends, were talking about how things had been with them. Each said he had had the usual ups and downs, some good and some bad. "Well, I was married," said one. "That's good," said the other. "Well, it wasn't so good. The woman was awfully mean." "That's bad," commented his friend. "Well, it wasn't so bad, either. She had a lot of money." "That was good," again remarked his friend. "Well, it wasn't so good, either. I invested the money in sheep and they all laid down and died." "That was bad." "Well, it wasn't so bad, either. I pulled off the wool and sold it for more than the sheep were worth." "That was good." "Well, it wasn't so good, either. I put the money in a house and one night the house burned down." "That's bad." "Well, it wasn't so bad, either. The woman burned to death in it."

—Louisville Courier Journal.

Cherokee Strip Land.

Frank Ruch, the keeper of the buffalo herd in the national forest of Oklahoma, was talking in his office the other day to a St. Louis man, about some poor fodder he had refused. "Poor stuff it was," said the cowboy. "It must have grown on poor land. The land must have been as poor—as poor as—"

He laughed. "Once," he said, "a Kansas farmer met on the hot, dusty road a homesteader pushing on excitedly toward the Cherokee strip. 'What ye bound?' said the farmer. 'For a 160 acres o' free land in the strip,' was the reply. And the man vanished in the glitter of dust and sunshine."

"Well, a month or two went by, and on the same dusty road the Kansas farmer met the homesteader returning. 'Hello,' he says, 'what ye done with them 160 acres?'"

"The homesteader pointed his whip proudly toward his mule team. 'See them mules?' said he. 'Well, I traded eighty acres of my claim for 'em."

"What ye do with the other eighty?" "Don't gimme away," was the reply, 'but the feller was a tenderfoot, an' I run in the other eighty acres on him without his knowin' it."

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FAIRIES OF CORNWALL.

Superstitions That Still Live in This Corner of England.

Cornwall, that corner of Britain that has resisted modernism, made a strong appeal to the imagination of Katherine Lee Bates, and she writes of it in her "From Gretna Green to Land's End." In Cornwall, as in Ireland, the fairy is still in possession and folk lore is almost a religion. "The small people have been gay and kindly neighbors, sometimes whisking away a neglected baby and returning the little mortal all pink and clean, wrapped in leaves and blossoms, 'as sweet as a nut.' These are the spirits of Druids or of other early Cornwall folk who, as heathens, may not go to heaven, but are too innocent for hell. So they are suffered to live on in their old happy haunts, but ever dwindling and dwindling, till it is to be feared that by and by, what with all the children growing stupid over school books and all the poets writing realistic novels, the small people will twinkle out of sight."

"The spriggans, lurking about the cairns and cromlechs, where they keep guard over buried treasure, could better be spared. They are such thievish and mischievous trolls, with such extraordinary strength in their ugly bits of bodies, it is more likely they are the diminished ghosts of the old giants. The piskies are nearly as bad, as any bewildered traveler who has been pisky led into a bog could testify. The only sure protection against their tricks is to wear your garments inside out."

"Many a Cornish farmer has found a fine young horse all sweated and spent in the morning, his mane knotted into fairy stirrups, showing plainly how some score of the piskies had been riding him overnight. And many a Cornish miner, deep down in the earth, has felt his hair rise on his head as he heard the 'tap, tap, tap' of the knockers, souls of long imprisoned Jews sent here by Roman emperors to work the tin mines of Cornwall."

HIS WEAK SPOT.

The Thought That Made the Nervy Man Lose His Composure.

"Speaking of nerve," said a Massachusetts congressman, "there generally is a weak spot in the most colossal variety, if it only can be found. In this connection I remember my grandfather used to tell a good story."

"Some forty or fifty years ago a longshoreman's eating place in Boston was the resort also of truckmen and other teamsters whose business brought them out early in the morning."

"One gray November morning about 5 o'clock a stranger entered this place and took his seat among the habitués. He ordered a substantial breakfast and ate it slowly and with evident enjoyment. Then he took his hat down from the peg on the wall and started to go. As he got abreast of the cashier's desk, behind which stood the proprietor, he slowed up."

"'Much 'bliged,' he said genially. 'So long!'"

"The proprietor had a good many rough customers to deal with, and his pistol was handy. In a second it was out and the man covered. Then he demanded the price of the breakfast."

"The man, apparently unmoved, looked at the shooting iron with curiosity. It was a queer, clumsy affair of ancient date, and it was evident that he had never seen its like before. Suddenly his expression of curiosity changed to one of apprehension, even terror, and he drew back a step."

"'Is—that—a stomach pump?' he faltered."

"This story has a happy ending," the congressman concluded. "The man kept his breakfast!"—Boston Post.

Chinese Torture.

The ingenuity of the Chinese in devising punishment for offenders surpasses that of the most cruel people of the middle ages. Some time ago a boy was kidnapped from a village about thirty miles from Chinkiang and brought to that city to be sold. The kidnappers were arrested and returned to the village, where the people dug a hole in the ground, like a grave, about three feet deep, covered the bottom and sides with unslaked lime, placed the offender, with his hands and feet tied, upon the lime and covered his body with the same material. Then they filled the hole full of water, and as the lime slacked he was roasted alive and his body consumed.

The Good Old Days.

The richest man in King Charles II's England could not get so good a dinner as tens of thousands will sit down to today. Cattle were of a far poorer breed, vegetables were few and bad and the commonest conveniences of the table were unknown. Fish knives, for instance, are hardly considered an extravagant luxury, but Mr. Gladstone could remember when they were not to be found on any table.—London Telegraph.

Meals and Brains.

We give too much thought to our meals, for instance. They need contriving, and it is pleasant to have them set temptingly upon a table on which fresh flowers are arranged and to eat them in a room wherein there is not a speck of dust, but it is not right that our bodies should be fed at the expense of our souls or that the dust should be taken from every ledge in our house and left to gather thickly in our brains.—Reader Magazine.

Frank About It.

Shoe Store Salesman—What size would you like, madam? Miss Larjun—I'd like a No. 2, but there's no use talking about that. You may as well show me your No. 5's.—London Telegraph.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

THE

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Published in the Center of the Richest

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LOCAL EDITORIAL COLUMN.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

At last the people of California are getting thoroughly awakened to the utter inefficiency of the present method for the care and maintenance of public roads. The system has been in operation for ten or twelve years. Its worthlessness was apparent from the very outset. Its shortcomings have been ventilated through the press time and again, and no one outside of those personally interested in its continuance have had the hardihood to raise a voice in its behalf. It is surprising that the worst system of road maintenance ever devised for this state has held sway the longest. This anomaly may be accounted for on the theory of powerful political influences working for its continuance. Millions of dollars have been wasted annually through our wretched road laws year after year, and no legislature has been strong enough morally to call a halt to the substitution of a more intelligent system.

An agitation has been started by the California promotion organizations for better roads. Both the state and national governments are taking steps in the same worthy behalf. Probably the activity of the federal authorities in this cause has spurred the others on to co-operative efforts. Meetings are being held in various parts of the state, addressed by speakers of state and national prominence who are considered experts on the question of roads. At a meeting held in Santa Cruz a few days ago two speakers struck the keynote of our wasteful methods, in the following language, as reported in one of the San Francisco papers:

George W. Pierce of Yolo county, representative of 11 counties in the Sacramento valley, led the attack on the system of administration of county roads by boards of supervisors. "The crying evil of California's highways is that they have largely been built politically," he said. "By permitting each supervisor to have charge of the work in his section we get just what we have, bad roads. The trouble with the supervisor is that he usually knows little about roads when he goes into office and when he goes out all he knows is that he has made some money out of it for himself." R. M. Morton, United States engineer, also scored the method of giving county super-

visors jurisdiction over roads.

"The principal obstruction to good roads as I have found it in practically every county in California," he declared, "is the county supervisor. He is usually untrained and too busy to give the work his close attention, and yet has full authority and sole responsibility over the roads in his district. The supervisor feels obliged to reward his political adherents with road positions. These foremen and their teamsters regard their wages as so much political spoil, and the service which they render is quite often as deficient in quantity as quality. I know well that no business corporation would tolerate such management."

Undoubtedly the most urgent reform in this state to-day is the wiping out of these abuses. Governor Gillett promises to have introduced at the next session of the legislature a comprehensive road law. One plan suggested is for the state to create a large fund by the issuance of bonds, and loan out the money to counties upon easy terms of payment of interest and principal. This assumes that our defective roads are the result mainly of insufficient funds being provided for their maintenance. We cannot believe that state control offers a solution of the evil. Indeed, to swap from local political machine to the larger state machine might aggravate the evil. The all-important point is to put a stop to supervisors being road commissioners—levying the road tax, ordering road work done, approving the work, and passing upon the bills for such work. And there is every reason to believe that this discredited system is at last tottering to its fall.

The action of the republican national committee now in session at Chicago, in deciding nearly all the contested seats in favor of the Taft delegates, makes it practically certain that Taft will be nominated for president on the first ballot. The administration forces are in control of the committee, and the allies, as the supporters of all other candidates are termed, are impotent to stem the current in the Taft direction. The convention meets next Tuesday, and public interest in the outcome is keener than has been known since the days of Lincoln. And it is safe to say that the politicians and the office-holders are not the ones that are the most deeply impressed with the gravity of the situation.

The supervisors of this county seem to have run up against some difficulty in the matter of establishing the rates for record books required by county officers. The law requires that the price for such supplies be established annually, the same as printing and advertising. As a matter of fact we do not know that this law has ever been complied with in Amador county. For several meetings past the board of supervisors have had the subject under discussion, but have failed to reach any conclusion, owing, it is said, to the disinclination or indifference of manufacturers in giving figures. The matter has therefore been continued from time to time, and is still pending. The situation is no doubt traceable to the prevalence of the disregard of the legal requirement which has held sway so long. In other counties, where the law has been followed, no trouble has been encountered. In Calaveras county, the supervisors at their meeting last week, established the price for record books, full bound, 640 pages, each \$20. This is supposed to include everything in that line.

DOCTORS MISTAKES

Are said often to be buried six feet under ground. But many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they present alike to themselves and their easy-going or over-busy doctor, separate diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality, they are all only symptoms caused by some uterine disease. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, keeps up his treatment until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, in reason of the wrong treatment, but probably worse. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription directed to the cause would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and insuring comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said, that "a disease known is half cured."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate system. It is made of native American medicinal roots and is perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the female system.

As a powerful invigorating tonic "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," run-down, debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," house-keepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nerve "Favorite Prescription" is unequalled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and dependency. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorates the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

A VINDICTIVE REPTILE.

Ways of the Venomous Fer-de-lance of Martinique.

The fer-de-lance is found on the islands of Martinique and Santa Lucia, where the natives counteract its virus with a decoction of jungle hemlock, and the basis of its grewsome reputation seems to be the fact that it does not warn the intruders of its haunts after the manner of the cobra or the rattlesnake, but flattens its coils and, with slightly vibrating tail, awaits events.

If the unsuspecting traveler should show no sign of hostile intent he may be allowed to pass unharmed within two yards of the coiled matadore, but a closer approach is apt to be construed as a challenge, and the vivor, suddenly rearing its ugly head, may scare the trespasser into some motion of self defense. He may lift his foot or brandish his stick in a menacing manner. If he does, he is lost. The lower coils will expand, bringing the business end, neck and all a few feet nearer; the head points like a leveled rifle, then darts forward with electric swiftness, guided by an unerring instinct for the selection of the least protected parts of the body.

And the vindictive brute is ready to repeat its late. For a moment it rears back, trembling with excitement, and if felled by a blow of its victim's stick will snap away savagely at stumps and stones or even, like a wounded panther, at its own body.

A HAPPY SOLUTION.

The Way the Family Compromised on a Vexed Problem.

There had been a long standing difference of opinion in the Plunkett family concerning the dining table. Mrs. Plunkett maintained that its legs were too short and ought to be lengthened at least half an inch.

"It doesn't fit our chairs, Jared, and you know it," she contended. "When we sit down to this table we're too high above it. You could have pieces of wood glued on the ends of the legs. That would be easier than to saw off the ends of all the chair legs."

"I don't agree to your proposition at all, Cordelia," said Mr. Plunkett. "I think the table is just right. But I'm willing to compromise the matter. You have been wanting a hardwood floor in this dining room for a long time, haven't you?"

"Yes."

"Well, we can have that new kind of hardwood flooring that is laid on top of the old floor. That will raise the entire surface three-eighths of an inch or more, and that will raise the table, of course, just so much. How will that do?"

This seemed to be a fair proposition, and without a moment's hesitation Mrs. Plunkett accepted it as a satisfactory compromise.—Youth's Companion.

It Was In His Head.

Balzac once promised Lireux, the manager of the Odeon theater in Paris, a five act drama, "The Springs of Quinola." He was so busy with other work, however, that not till he had been long and urgently importuned did he promise to read his piece to the company the next week. The company gathered about him on the day appointed, and he read his five act play fluently through to the end. Lireux was enthusiastic, ran up to shake hands with the great writer and turned over the pages of the manuscript, whose contents had pleased him mightily. But what was this? There were only four acts. The last pages of the manuscript were blank. In surprise the manager asked what it all meant. Balzac smiled and admitted that he had not yet written out the fifth act, but declared that he had it as clearly in his head as if it already stood on paper. "And," continued the poet merrily, "I have in the same head two more outcomes of the plot in case the one I just read doesn't please you."

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Mary Mullen deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Mary Mullen, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the law office of Wm. J. McGee, Court street, Jackson, Amador county, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated May 5, 1908.
H. E. POTTER,
Administrator of the estate of Mary Mullen, deceased.
Wm. J. McGee,
Attorney for administrator.
je 12, 5-t

Notice for Publication. 2210

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Agnes M. Raab, of Ione, Calif., who on May 29, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2210, for E½ of NW¼ and S½ of NE¼ Section 35, Township 8 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Rosalia Raab, of Ione, Calif.; P. Bernardis, of Sutter Creek, Calif.; E. M. Culbert and T. A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication. 2199

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2199, for lots 3 and 4 and S½ of NW¼, Section 1, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif.; G. B. Bruce, of West Point, Calif.; J. P. Moffett and Gus. Patterson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication. 2200

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Meta J. Erickson, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2200, for the SW¼ of NE¼ and lots 1, 2, and 3, Section 2, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: P. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif.; G. B. Bruce, of West Point, Calif.; James P. Moffett and Gus. Patterson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication. 2201

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James P. Moffett, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2201, for the SE¼ of NE¼; N½ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SE¼, Section 2, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif.; G. B. Bruce, of West Point, Calif.; Gus. Patterson and Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ida Moffett, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2202, for the NE¼ of SE¼, Section 3; N½ of SW¼ and SE¼ of SW¼, Section 2, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif.; G. B. Bruce, of West Point, Calif.; Gus. Patterson and Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Team and Buggy

HARNESS

All hand sewed.

A. BASSO.

Main st., Jackson

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Fred L. Erickson, of San Francisco, Calif., who, on May 22, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2204, for the E½ of NW¼; SW¼ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SW¼, Section 11, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Gust Lindquist, of San Francisco, Calif.; G. C. Bruce of West Point, Calif.; Charles Erickson and J. P. Moffett, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878—

Notice For Publication.—2179

United States Land Office, Sacramento, California, April 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Mable I. Frank of San Francisco, county of San Francisco state of California, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 2179, for the purchase of the S. W. ¼ of S. E. ¼; E. ½ of S. W. ¼ and S. W. ¼ of S. W. ¼, of section No. 13, in township No. 7 N., range No. 14 E., M. D. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes; and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on Monday, the 22nd day of June, 1908.

She names as witnesses: Addie M. Stemler of Portland, Oregon; Hattie Spring of San Francisco, California; George C. Bruce of West Point, California; James F. Peck of Berkeley, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of June, 1908.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
ap. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William E. Prothero, of Amador City, Calif., who, on May 27, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2206, for the N½ of SE¼; SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW¼, Section 1, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 24th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: C. Blize and L. H. Cook, of Volcano, Calif.; Frank Knowlton and A. Pini of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Victor J. Chichizola, of Jackson, Calif., who, on June 3, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2207, for the N½ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼, Section 9, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Paul Francesconi and Ed. M. Culbert, of Amador City, Calif.; Fred Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif., and William Brown of Oleta, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Julius Chichizola of Amador City, Calif., who, on June 3, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2208 for the SW¼ of SE¼; S½ of SW¼ section 3, and NW¼ of NW¼ Section 10, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Paul Francesconi and Ed. M. Culbert of Amador City, Calif.; Fred Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif., and William Brown of Oleta, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Rosalia Raab of Ione, Calif., who, on May 29, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2209, for SE¼, Section 35, Township 8 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Agnes M. Raab of Ione, Calif.; P. Bernardis of Sutter Creek, Calif.; E. M. Culbert and T. A. Chichizola of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Giovanna Lavezzo, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Charles M. Lavezzo, the executor of the estate of Giovanna Lavezzo, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said executor, at Spagnoli & Spagnoli law offices, opposite the court house, on Summit street in Jackson, Amador county, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated, May 23, 1908.
CHARLES M. LAVEZZO,
Executor of the Estate of Giovanna Lavezzo, deceased.
Spagnoli & Spagnoli,
Attorneys for executor.

may 29-4t

Summons.

In the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county. Emma Wilton, plaintiff, vs. William Wilton, defendant.

Action brought in the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said Amador county.

WM. G. SNYDER,
Attorney for plaintiff.

The people of the state of California send greeting to William Wilton defendant.

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, within ten days after the service on you of this Summons—if served within this county; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that, unless the defendant so appears and answers, the plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint as arising upon contract, or will apply to the court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, this 21st day of May A. D. 1908.

J. R. HUBERTY,
Clerk.
(Seal) July 24

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878—

Notice For Publication.—2180

United States Land Office, Sacramento, California, April 11, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Addie M. Stemler of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 2180, for the purchase of the S. ½ of S. E. ¼ and N. E. ¼ of S. E. ¼ sec. 14, and N. W. ¼ of S. W. ¼, of section No. 13, in township No. 7 N., range No. 14 E., M. D. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, California, on Monday, the 22nd day of June, 1908.

She names as witnesses: Hattie Spring and Mable J. Frank of San Francisco; George C. Bruce of West Point, California; James F. Peck of Berkeley, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of June, 1908.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
ap. 17

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Gust Lindquist, of San Francisco, Calif., who, on May 22, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2205, for NE¼, Section 12, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: G. C. Bruce of West Point, Calif.; Fred Erickson, of San Francisco, Calif.; G. Patterson and J. P. Moffett of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,
Register.
je 12-t

Board of Education.

Notice of Examinations.

Jackson, Cal., May, 19, 1908.

To Whom It May Concern:—

The Board of Education of Amador county will meet in the superintendents office, Saturday, June 6th, to adopt questions for the Grammar Grade Diploma examinations to take place Tuesday and Wednesday, 9th and 10th in the following places, Jackson, Sutter Creek, Volcano, Plymouth and Ione.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, June 11th, 12th, and 13th, the Board will meet to grade the papers and issue the diplomas.

June 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th, the Board will be in session revising the course of study and adopting questions for the teachers' examination to commence June 22d, and continue until Friday the 26th.

Saturday the 27th, Monday 29th, Tuesday 30th, the Board will grade papers issue, certificates, grant recommendations for State Documents and adopt library books.

Very respectfully,
W. H. GREENHALGH,
Supt. of Schools.